THE

North-Carolina Standard

IS PUBLISHED WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY BY

WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY—*Two Dollars per annum*, in advance, or within the first month; Two Dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Three Dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

TERMS OF THE SEMI-WEEKLY—*Four Dollars per annum*, in advance or within the first month; Four Dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Five Dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

Terms of Advertising.

Advertisements not exceeding *fourteen lines* will be inserted one time for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion; those of greater length in proportion. Advertisements inserted in the Semi-Weekly Standard, will also appear in the Weekly Paper, free of charge. Our charges for ADVERTISING BY THE YEAR are as follows:

One square,	6 months,	(14 lines to a square,)		$ 10
"	12 "	"	"	18
Two squares,	6 months,	"	"	15
"	12 "	"	"	25
Three squares,	6 months,	"	"	20
"	12 "	"	"	30

A limited number of advertisements will be taken for the *Weekly* paper, but no deduction will be made on any but yearly advertisements—these will be inserted at one-fourth less than the regular charge.

Professional or business Cards, not exceeding five lines, will be inserted in either the Weekly or Semi-Weekly, for $6 for six months, or $10 for twelve months; or in both papers for $10 for six months, or $15 for twelve months.

☞ The paper will be sent to advertisers for six months or by the year, free of charge.

* * Subscribers and others who may wish to send money to the Editor, can do so at all times, by mail, and at his risk. Receipts for all sums will be promptly transmitted.

Letters to the Editor must come free of postage.

A. M. MCPHEETERS, H. CHISELIN. J. W. MARTIN.

A. M. McPHEETERS, & CO.

Wholesale Grocers,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Office at No. 6, Roanoke Square,

NORFOLK, VA.

REFERENCES:

THOMAS P. DEVEREUX, Esq., Halifax, N. C.
GEO. W. MORDECAI, Pres't Bank of the State of N. C. } 3 each.
C. DEWEY, Cashier " " "
W. H. JONES, Cashier Bank of Cape Fear.
L. O'B. BRANCH, President Raleigh and Gaston Road.
Messrs. Reid & Soutter, } 2 each.
Dr. N. C. Whitehead, } *Norfolk.*
Pres't Farmer's B'k of Va.
Alex. Bell, Esq.
Messrs. Spence & Reid, *Baltimore.*
" B. Blossom & Son, *New York.*

September 16, 1863. 87—

33 HHDS. PORTO RICO SUGAR, 100 Packages of Steam Refined do., 200 Bags Rio, Laguira and St. Domingo Coffee, 35 Chests Superior Green and Black Teas, 500 Boxes Sperm, Adamantine and Mould Candles, Just received and for sale low, by

BAIN, HATTON & Co.,
Portsmouth, Va.

May 10. 50—

WE HAVE RECEIVED OUR SUPPLY OF Linen Shirtings, Pillow case Linens, fine fronting and Shirting Linens, of the most approved makers, Figured and striped Linens, for children, also Linen Damasks, Linen Towels and Napkins, Russia Huckaback and other kinds of towelling, Diapre, Bleached and Brown Shirting, Cottons of all kinds. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

P. F. PESCUD,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST,

Raleigh, N. C., IS NOW RECEIVING HIS extensive purchases for the SPRING TRADE, and the rapidly increasing demand having justified his purchasing many articles in original cases, which he has hitherto procured in small quantities, justifies him in offering unprecedented inducements to his friends and customers. To the trade—he will sell the most popular Patent Medicines at the Proprietors prices, and respectfully requests dealers and the public generally to give his stock and prices an examination before sending their orders North or elsewhere.

March 24, 1854. 37—

OREGON PEAS.—Another supply of these celebrated Peas, is received and for sale at a reduced price, by P. F. PESCUD.

HAIR BRUSHES.—The most extensive variety of Hair Brushes in this City, may be seen and bought very cheap at P. F. Pescud's DRUG STORE.

TOOTH BRUSHES.—I have a very large supply of splendid Tooth Brushes—for sale very low by P. F. PESCUD.

CARTERS' SPANISH MIXTURE.—A fresh supply just received, and those troubled with Dyspepsia or diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, are urged to give it a trial. It has produced a wonderful cure in Raleigh, by the use of 2 Bottles. P. F. PESCUD.

DRESSING COMBS.—A fine assortment is to hand and for sale by P. F. PESCUD.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS.—A large stock on hand and for sale by P. F. PESCUD.

SEIDLETZ POWDERS.—A supply of very superior Seidletz Powders, just received and for sale by P. F. PESCUD.

MUSTARD.—A further supply of London Mustard of very superior quality, just received at PESCUD'S.

BREAST PUMPS.—A supply of very superior quality for sale very low by P. F. PESCUD.

SYRINGES.—A large stock of Syringes—of all kinds, just received and for sale by P. F. PESCUD.

LAMPS.—I will sell my present supply of Fluid Lamps, at reduced prices, as I desire to introduce a new style. P. F. PESCUD.

FRESH CONGRESS WATER.—A fresh supply just received, and for sale by P. F. PESCUD.

GLUE, GLUE.—A large supply of White and Brown Glue just received and for sale by P. F. PESCUD.

CHELTENHAM SALTS.—A supply in store and for sale by P. F. PESCUD.

PERFUMERY, Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, and Fancy articles in great variety, for sale by P. F. PESCUD.

Nov. 4th. 101—

LYON'S KATHIRON.—12 Dozen Bottles just received and for sale wholesale and retail, by P. F. PESCUD.

Nov. 4th. 101—

CHEWING TOBACCO.—I have seven brands of the finest qualities of Chewing Tobacco, one of which is put up by Y. & E. P. Jones, and claimed the Premium at our State Fair, for sale in packages or lots to suit the trade, by P. F. PESCUD.

Raleigh, November 4th, 1853. 101—

LYON'S RAT PILLS AND SALVE. DON'T be annoyed any longer with rats, when you can exterminate them by giving Rat Pills, or greasing their food with Coster's Salve, which you will find at PESCUD'S.

SADDLER, FERTH & ROSS' MUSTARD. A large Case of this Mustard—which is considered the best in the world—by many persons—is just received at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

PAINTS AND OILS.—A VERY LARGE SUPPLY of all kinds of PAINTS, OILS, and VARNISHES to hand and for sale, lower than can be bought elsewhere, on the most accommodating terms by P. F. PESCUD.

Sept. 12, 1853. 86—

WINDOW GLASS.—A LARGE SUPPLY OF ALL SIZES AND QUALITIES, kept on hand or ordered, to suit any size sash at very low rates.

Also, a good supply of PUTTY. Dealers will please give me a chance to fill their orders before buying elsewhere, if they want good bargains. P. F. PESCUD.

Sept. 12, 1853. 86—

CALL AT PESCUD'S DRUG STORE FOR YOUR supplies of American and Foreign PERFUMERY, TOOTH and HAIR BRUSHES, COARSE and FINE COMBS, SOAPS and SHAVING CREAMS, POMADES and HAIR OILS.

Pescud keeps a large stock and sells at a small advance to consumers and the trade.

Sept. 12, 1853. 86—

CIGARS AND CHEWING TOBACCO.—THE lovers' of the WEED will be glad to hear that the subscriber has received an invoice of Superior Cigars—fine Cut and Lump Chewing Tobacco, various brands, and some Smoking Tobacco, as fragrant as they can find anywhere.

P. F. PESCUD.

Sept. 12, 1853. 86—

RED LARD OIL IS NOW USED BY MANY persons in preference to TRAIN OIL because it is just as good, and much cheaper. A supply for sale very low at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

PIANOS, MUSIC, STRINGS, &c.—ANOTHER Lot of new and splendid Pianos, of fashionable style and elegant tone and finish, just opened at the N. C. MUSIC STORE.

A BEAUTIFUL 5 OCTAVE MELODEON, with three beautiful Pedals, for inspection and sale at the MUSIC STORE.

ANOTHER SUPPLY OF NEW AND FASHIONABLE MUSIC received at the MUSIC STORE.

September 9, 1853. 85—

PERFUMERY.—WE ARE NOW RECEIVING A supply of select articles for the toilet—come and examine them.

HAYWOOD & SCOTT.

June 9, '54. —62

Semi-Weekly Standard.

VOL. IV. RALEIGH, NORRH-CAROLINA, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1854. No. 82.

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD,

Wholesale and Retail Druggists,

RALEIGH, N. C.

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR SPRING AND Summer supplies—making the largest and most extensive stock of Medicines, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Dyestuffs, Window Glass, Putty, Varnishes, Perfumery, &c., which they have ever had the pleasure to offer the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country, and which they will dispose of at the lowest market prices.

Physicians, Country Merchants, Builders, Painters, Planters and others will find it to their interest to give them a call before making their purchases.

April 27, 1854. 47—

GARDEN SEED.—We are now in receipt of a large supply of Garden Seed, warranted fresh, to which the attention of Gardeners is invited.

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

BROWN WINDSOR SOAP.—12 DOZEN, JUST received. Also a large variety of Lubin's and Bazin's Perfumery, at the drug Store of WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

October 11, 1853. 96—

GRASS SEED.—Red clover, Herds grass, Blue grass, mixed lawn grass and Lucerne. Just to hand at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

SMUT IN WHEAT.—400 LBS. BLUE-STONE, THE great preventative of smut in wheat, just received at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

EXCELSIOR SOAP.—300 LBS. OF THIS SUPERior family soap, in store and for sale cheap by the box or pound, at WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD'S.

SMOKING TOBACCO.—2000 PAPERS OF SUPERior Virginia Smoking Tobacco, recommended by the "first families." For sale by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

PAINT MILLS.—A GREAT LABOR SAVING MAchine for grinding colors, and one which every painter should have; for sale at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

GLAZIERS' DIAMONDS AND KNIVES.—In Store and for sale by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

LYON'S RAT PILLS, THE MOST EFFECTUAL remedy ever used for the destruction of Rats, Mice, &c. orby WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

EXTRACTS FOR FLAVORING.—Rose, Vanilla, Orange, Lemon, Butter Almond, Cinnamon and Pine Apple in store and for sale by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

TABLE SALT.—VERY FINE AND WHITE in small bags, in store and for sale by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

CORN STARCH.—A FRESH SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

DEPILATORY.—FOR REMOVING SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, for sale by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

CHLORINE TOOTH WASH STANDS UNRIVALLED for cleansing the mouth and preserving the teeth and gums. For sale at WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD'S.

COD LIVER OIL.—A FRESH SUPPLY of Rushton, Clark & Co.'s just to hand, at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

SARATOGA WATER. A LARGE SUPPLY just to hand at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD

April 27th, 1854. 47—.

PRIME CHEWING TOBACCO. JONES' Premium, pride of Virginia, Rock Candy Extra Dan River, and other popular brands in store, and for sale by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

WHITE LEAD.—4000 LBS. OF SUPERIOR White Lead in store and for sale by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

OILS! OILS!!—1000 GALLS. LINSEED, COTTON Seed, Machine and Tanners' Oils for sale at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

OREGON PEAS.—A SMALL SUPPLY IN STORE and for sale by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

ORANGES! ORANGES!!—20 BOXES FRESH ORANGES just received and for sale at ANTONIO PIZZINI'S New Confectionary Store.

Raleigh, April 25, 1854. 46—

WHITE MARSEILLES VESTS.—JUST RECEIVED 100 Plain and Figured, new style at HARDING'S.

10 DOZEN GAUZE MERINO SHIRTS JUST received. E. L. HARDING.

100 FINE SILK ALPACCA FROCKS JUST received at HARDING'S.

May 10, 1854. 51—

STATE BONDS WANTED.—$3,000 IN STATE BONDS WANTED. Apply at the Standard Office.

Sept. 23, 1853. 89—

WHITE GOODS.—JACKONETTS, ENGLISH Cambric, Nainsook, checked and striped Muslin, Mull Muslin, Plain and dotted Swiss Muslin. For sale by J. BROWN.

Raleigh, June 4th, 1854 58—

WASHINGTON CITY LIME.—200 CASKS Washington City Lime, (superior for whitewashing) just received. For sale by NIEMEYER & WHITE.

Portsmouth, Va., April 1, 1854. 40—

IRISH THOMASTON LIME.—650 CASKS Irish Thomaston Lime, per schooner "Beauchamp"—direct from Maine—now landing at our Wharf. For sale low by NIEMEYER & WHITE.

Portsmouth, Va., April1, 1854. 40—

FLOUR.—SUPERIOR FAMILY FLOUR, OF NEW Wheat, in Store, and for sale by JAS. McKIMMON.

Raleigh, September 2d, 1853. 85—

NEW SHOES BY EXPRESS.—A VERY LARGE and late arrival of Shoes, from the Manufactury's in Philadelphia, embracing Walking Shoes, Slippers, Bootees, Gaiters. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

June 22, 1854. 63—

FANCY CASSIMERE PANTS.—200 PAIRS embracing all the different styles, at HARDING'S.

WOLFE'S SCHEIDAM SCHNAPPS.—A fresh supply of this popular Medicine, just received and or sale by HAYWOOD & SCOTT.

GARDEN SEEDS. A FULL AND FRESH SUPply of Garden Seeds, just received, and for sale by HAYWOOD & SCOTT.

Raleigh, Feb. 1, 1854 23—

PURE and No. I qualities of White Lead, in kegs of 100 lbs. and 25 lbs., for sale by HAYWOOD & SCOTT.

Raleigh, March 20th, 1854. 37—

CIGARS! CIGARS!!—A lot of the very best brands of imported Cigars, has just been received at HAYWOOD & SCOTT.

SOAPS, &c.—VARIETIES OF TOILET, SHAVING, and Fancy Soaps. Lyon's Kathairon, Barry's Tricopherus, Rowlands' genuine Macassar Oil, Bears Oil, Beef Marrow for the hair, for sale by HAYWOOD & SCOTT.

NORTH CAROLINA made Blacking, a superior article for sale by HAYWOOD & SCOTT.

ACKERMON'S & PARMERSTON'S Yeast Powders, a first rate and cheap article for sale by HAYWOOD & SCOTT.

Hay.

400 Bales prime Hay—Cargo of Brig Delta—now landing at our Wharf. For sale by NIEMEYER & WHITE.

Portsmouth, Va., June 26, 1854. 64—

ANOTHER SUPPLY OF THOSE BEAUTIFUL Medium Crown Moleskin Hats, called "the Young Man's Hat," something entirely new. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

MANTILLAS! MANTILLAS!—A very large assortment of Silk and Black Lace Mantillas and Points. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

SILK AND OPEN STRAW BONNETS AND INFANTS Flats. W. H. & R. .

FANS! FANS!—MOURNING AND FANCY FAN W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

DRESS TRIMMINGS AND EMBROIDERIES. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

RIBBONS, GLOVES, UMBRELLAS and PARASOLS (Steeple Tops.) W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

ROBINSONS' GAITERS, SHOES AND SLIPPERS. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENN OF LACE GOODS, Collars, Chimezettes and Under Sleeves. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

SERVANTS GOODS.—MARLBORO' STRIPES, Plaids, &c. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

ISAAC PROCTOR, MERCHANT TAILOR, (*Successor to Oliver & Proctor,*) Would respectfully announce to his patrons and the public generally, his return from the Northern cities, and that he is now receiving his Fall and Winter supplies of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, Furnishing Goods and Ready-Made Clothing, which, being bought principally for cash, he is enabled to offer at very low rates.

He has now in store, at the old stand, opposite the Post-Office,

Superfine black, blue, brown, dahlia and other fancy Cloths, of various goods.
Superfine French, English and American Cassimeres, of all prices, plain and fancy.
Superfine Simoni Doeskins, for Pants and Overcoats.
Superfine black Satins and Grenadines.
Plain and figured and fancy silk Vestings.
Fine assortment rich silk Quiltings, for weddings and parties.
Plain and figured Plush Velvets, very rich.

FURNISHING GOODS—A complete assortment, consisting in part of

Superfine plain and fancy dress Shirts.
" 3-ply Collars, large variety.
" Canton Flannel, bleached Drill.
Merino and silk Under-shirts and Drawers.
Silk, cotton and merino plain and fancy Hosiery.
Gloves, very superior kid, black, white and fancy.
Cravats, black and fancy, and a rich assortment for weddings and parties.
Stocks, black, white and fancy, with and without ties.
Suspenders, Dressing Gowns, &c.

In fact everything necessary for a gentleman's complete outfit.

With sincere thanks to his numerous patrons for the liberal encouragement heretofore extended to him, he hopes, by strict attention to their wants, and a determintion to please, to merit its continuance.

Gentlemen furnishing their own goods to be manufactured may rely upon receiving the same care and attention as though sold by himself.

The latest Paris and London fashions just received.

Cutting and repairing done promptly at all times.

He will remind those indebted, six months time is allowed to punctual customers. Those in arrears longer than the above time will please call and close their accounts, either by cash or note, and oblige ISAAC PROCTOR.

Raleigh, Oct. 18th, 1853. 97—

STATIONARY, BLANK BOOKS, ENVELOPES AND PAPER of every description; Perfumery, Brushes. Also, Fancy Goods, in great variety.

The Store of the Subscriber has lately been replenished with New Goods, from the New York, Boston and Philadelphia Importing Houses, and from all the principal American manufacturers. Among his extensive assortment may be found all kinds of Letter, Cap, Drawing, Note and Fancy Papers, White, Buff and Enameled Envelopes; Papier Mache, Rosewood, Mahogany and Leather Writing Desks, Work Bokes, &c.; Cloth, Leather and Papier Mache Portefolios; all styles of Card Cases and Porte Monnies, Wallets and Pocket Books; Steel, Silk and Kid Purses; Bankers' Cases; Lubin's Celebrated Genuine Perfumes; Farina's Unrivaled Cologne; Bridal, Glove and Handkerchief Perfumed Boxes; Building Blocks, Wood Alphabets; Pearl and Ivory Tablets; Games too numerous to mention; Hair, Cloth, Hat, Tooth, Nail and Lather Brushes; Gentlemen's Dressing Cases; Shell and Horn Dressing Combs; Ivory Combs; Ladies' Companions, Spool Stands; all kinds Rubber Balls; Vesta Lights; Tea Bells; Toilet and Travelling Glasses; Tooth Powder, Hair Oils, Toilet and Shaving Soaps; Chessmen, Dominoes, Back Gammon Boards, Chessboards, Dice, Checkers; Sewing Birds; Penknives, Scissors and Sheears.

A splendid assortment of Gold Pens, in Gold and Silver Cases; Steel Pens, fifty styles; Pen Nibs and Quills; Letter Seals or Stamps, all styles; the best of Wax, warranted to burn free; Water Colors; Fancy Paper and Glass Boxes; Transparent, Porcelain and Paper Slates. A large assortment of Visiting and Wedding Cards; Stationary Articles in general; Wedding Stationary and "Fixins," best qualities; Patent Blot Pads; Diaries; Ledgers, Day and Cash Books, Journals, &c.; Letter Copying Presses, Books and Ink; Mathematical Instructions; Blotting Papers; Paper Folders and Paper Weights; Erasers; Mouth Glue; Indelible Inks; Inkstands, of One Hundred different varieties.

All of the above described articles can be found in greater profusion and variety than in any house South of the Potomac, besides other articles too numerous to mention. Call and see for yourself. They will be sold at the lowest prices, either at wholesale or retail.

HENRY D. TURNER,
No. 1, Fayetteville Street,
Raleigh, N. C.

January 25, 1854. 21—

SILAS BURNS, PROPRIETOR, BUILDER OF STEAM ENGINES AND GENERAL MACHINIST. The above establishment has been in successful operation about one year, and has turned out some of the best STEAM ENGINES and SAW MILLS that have ever operated in this or any other State.

Orders are solicited for Steam Engines and Saw Mills, Mill Gearing and Machinery of every discription to be completed during the Summer and Fall. The improved condition of the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road will enable me to fill with dispatch and punctuality all orders after the 1st of July.

The following certificate will show the character of the work executed at the above Works:

"AUBRY, Cumberland, May 15, 1852.

"MR. SILAS BURNS—*Dear Sir:* Our Engine and Mills, made at your shops, have been at work nearly two months, and fully meet our expectations. The ENGINE, as to FINISH and STRENGTH, PERFORMANCE and DURABILITY, is inferior to none in the State of the same class made here or elsewhere. The MILLS run with a smoothness and speed truly astonishing. In ordinary sawing we cut in a common sized log, 1 foot, in 2¾ seconds or 16 feet per minute. We have run, however, through an 18 feet log in 32 seconds or at the rate of 33 feet per minute, by running to the top speed we fully believe we can cut 40 feet per minute. The only objection we have heard urged is, it takes too many hands to haul up logs and carry away lumber. Yours, &c.,

JONES & BARBEE."

June 2, 1852. 59—

DAILY LINE BETWEEN PORTSMOUTH, NORFOLK, EDENTON AND PLYMOUTH. On and after Saturday 14th instant, the Steamer SCHULTZ will be placed on the route from Black Water to Plymouth, thus forming a daily line, (Sundays excepted.)

The STAR, Capt. Middleton, will leave Black Water on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, immediately after the arrival of the Cars from Portsmouth. Returning, will leave Plymouth in the evening of the same days.

The SCHULTZ, Capt. Halsey, will leave Black Water on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays after the arrival of the Cars from Portsmouth. Returning, will leave Plymouth on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, as 6 o'clock, A. M. Passing up and down the River in the day time, arriving at Black Water in time for the Express Train.

The SCHULTZ will leave Edenton at 8 o'clock, A. M.; will pass by Colerain at 9½; will be at the Gatesville Wharf at about 11; Winton at 12 o'clock; and Reddick's at 1 P. M.

Passengers coming off in Boats will be taken on board at any point on the Chowan River.

Freight will be received and landed at all convenient points on the River.

J. W. KEELING, *Agent.*

April 3, 1854. 40—tf.

Still alive and trying to Please!

THE SUBSCRIBER IS STILL CARRYING ON the manufacture of Turpentine and Brandy Stills in all its branches, and flatters himself that by the long experience and practice and the large number of Stills he has made he can and will give satisfaction, and please all who will give him a call. He also is prepared to do all kind of work in Copper, Brass, Iron and Steel.

He has also on hand at present 18 of the very best Turpentine Stills, Caps, Arms and Worms, which he will sell low for cash, or, on time for good notes. He also will warrant the Stills in durability, workmanship and materials. He also offers any who can make a better Turpentine Still than the Subscriber $300, also the price shall be at least $300 less than any other manufactory. Gentlemen, bear in mind that I was the first man who suppressed the Northern manufactories from treading on your corns.

JOS. WOLTERING.

Raleigh, July 14, 1854. 69—3m.

MRS. J. WOLTERING KEEPS CONSTANTLY on hand Confectionarys and fancy Goods, also family groceries, such as Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Tea, Rice, Bacon, &c., &c.,

China and glass ware. Come and see.

WILHELMINA WOLTERING.

Raleigh, July 14, 1854. 60—3m.

Hay! Hay!! Hay!!!

250 Bales prime Hay.
30 Hhds. dry and bright N. O. Sugar landing this day, and for sale low by

BAIN, HATTON & CO.

Prrtsmouth, Va., June 26, 1854. 64—

WE COME AGAIN!—HARDWARE! HARD WARE!! *at reduced prices,* also, Jail and Store door Locks warranted not to be picked nor broke open, his own manufacture; also Bars, Smoke-House and Mill Locks, all at reduced prices. Come and see. Gunn, Pistols, &c., &c.

JOS. WOLTERING.

Raleigh, July 14, 1854. 69—3m.

Hats! Hats!! Fall Fashions.

H. & R. S. TUCKER RESPECTFULLY announce to their numerous customers and the public that they have just received *Beebe's Full Style of Hats* which are unrivalled for durability and elegance. Fashionable fits guarantied, as well as good fits. Call at their spacious Store on Fayetteville Street, and be accommodated with a good article. Beebe, finish and fashionable fits are the watchwords by which, in this line, we expect not only to accommodate many heads, but generally to go-ahead.

Raleigh, July 25, 1854. 72—

RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD.—Slaves are not permitted to travel on the Rail Road without a written permit from their owners. Duplicates should in all cases be given, as the Ticket Agents are instructed to retain one copy of every pass.

JAMES M. POOL,
Ticket Agent.

Raleigh, January 6, 1854. 15—

VALUABLE BOOKS. AMERICAN POULTRY Yard by D. J. Brown.

The Diseases of Domestic Animals, by R. L. Allen.

American Bee Keeper's manual, illustrated with many engravings by T. B. Miller.

American Bird Fancier, considered with reference to the breeding, rearing, feeding, management, &c., of cage and house birds, illustrated with engravings by D. J. Brown.

American architect, comprising original designs of cheap country and village residences, with details, specifications, plans, directions, and an estimate of the cost of each design, by John W Ritch, architect. First and second series, 2 vols. in one.

Domestic Medicine—Gun's Domestic medicine, or poor man's friend in the hours of affliction, pain and Sickness. Raymond's new revised addition, improved and enlarged, by John C. Gunn, 8 vo.

Practical Agriculture, by James F. W. Johnston, F. R. S. S. S. and E.

Johnston's Agricultural Chemistry; lectures on the application of chemistry and geology to agriculture; new edition, with an appendix.

Youatt and Martin on Cattle by Ambrose Stevens;

Youatt on the structure and diseases of the horse; also practical rules for buyers, breeders, smiths, &c.; edited by W. C. Spooner, with an account of the breeds in the United States, by Henry S. Randall.

Cole's American Veterinarian, or diseases of domestic animals.

Mason's Farrier, comprising a general description of the horse, with modes of management in all cases, and treatment of diseases, &c.

Coles American fruit book.

Brock's book on flowers.

A treatise on the construction, heating and ventilation of hot-houses.

Buist on the culture of the rose.

American flower garden directors, containing directions for the culture of plants, in the hot house, green house, &c., by Buist.

Johnson's dictionary of gardening, edited by David Landreth.

Schenck's gardner's text book.

The American fowl breeder, illustrated.

Dixen's & Kerrs ornamental and domestic poultry, with colored illustrations.

Bennett's domestic poultry book.

Miner's " "

Allen's Domestic Animals.

Beech's American practico and family physician, thick 8vo. shp. This work having been recently thoroughly revised, no additions or improvements can be made.

Landscape gardening, park and pleasure grounds, by Smith.

Practical treatise on the culture of the Grape, by J. Fiske Allen.

The progressive farmer, T. A. Nash.

Coleman's practical agriculture, and rural economy.

Rodger's scientific agriculture.

Calcareous Manures, by Edmund Ruffin.

Clatter and Youatt's cattle doctor, by Skinner.

Youatt on the pig.

Hoare on the grape vine.

Stevens' book of the farm; a complete guide to the farmer, steward, ploughman, cattleman, shepherd, fieldworker, and dairy maid, by Henry Stevens, with 450 illustrations to which are added explanatory notes, remarks, &c., by J. S. Skinner, really one of the best books for a farmer to possess, 2 vols.

The American farm book, R. L. Allen.

The cottage and farm bee keeper; a practical work, by a county curate.

Allen's rural architecture, comprising Farm Houses, Cottages, Carriage Houses, Sheep Cotes, Piggories, Barns, &c., &c., by Lewis F. Allen.

The American Huck book, by Dana.

The rose culturist.

Blake's Farmer at home; a family text book for the country, by Rev. John L. Clake, D. D.

For sale by H. D. TURNER.
Pioneer Bookseller, Raleigh N. C.

April 15, 1854. 43—

GREENSBOROUGH Mutual INSURANCE COMPANY.—The cost of Insurance on the Mutual plan is but a small sum, compared with a joint stock company. This company being located in the Western part of the State, consequently much the larger portion of the risks are in the West, very many of which are in the country.

The Company is entirely free from debt; have made no assessments, and have a very large amount in cash and good bonds, and is therefore confidently recommended to the public.

At the last Annual Meeting the following Officers were elected for the ensuing year:

JAMES SLOAN, *President.*
S. G. COFFIN, *Vice President.*
C. P. MENDENHALL, *Attorney.*
PETER ADAMS, *Secretary and Treasurer.*

DIRECTORS:

JAMES SLOAN,	Dr. S. G. COFFIN,
Dr. J. A. MEBANE,	Jamestown.
C. P. MENDENHALL,	WILLIAM A. WRIGHT,
WM. S. RANKIN,	Wilmington.
Rev. C. F. DEEMS,	Dr. C. WATKINS,
JAMES M. GARRETT,	Carolina F. College.
JED. H. LINDSAY,	JOHN I. SHAVER,
W. J. MCCONNELL,	Salisbury.
Greensborough.	JOHN H. COOK,
E. F. LILLY,	Fayetteville.
Wadesborough.	J. J. BIGGS,
W. P. MOORE,	Raleigh.
Newbern.	ROBERT E. TROY,
H. H. BURWELL,	Lumberton.
Henderson.	Dr. ROB'T H. SCALES,
J. L. BRIDGERS,	Lenox Castle.
Tarborough.	
GEO. T. COOKE, Raleigh,	PETER ADAMS,
Agent.	*Secretary.*
WILLIAM H. CUMMING,	
General Agent.	

December 12th, 1853. 8—1y.

SPRING 1854.—WHOLESALE BOOT AND SHOE TRADE, *Petersburg, Va.* We take pleasure in announcing to the Merchants of Virginia and North Carolina, that one of our house has just returned from the North and East, where he has purchased an extensive and commanding stock of Boots, Shoes, Brogans, Trunks, Carpet Bags, Valices, Wrapping Paper, Lacings, &c., and all other articles belonging to our branch of business.

Our assortment this season will be much larger and more varied than heretofore, in order to meet the demands of a rapidly increasing trade. Our goods have all been bought of First Hands, and selected with great care by an old buyer, of thirty years experience, with special reference to the wants of the Virginia and North Carolina Merchants.

We are now in receipt of a portion of our stock and are in daily expectation of large accessions thereto, which will render our assortment one of the most complete and attractive ever offered to the Southern Trade.

In soliciting an examination we assure our friends and the public generally, that our prices shall be found as low and as reasonable as those of any similar establishment south of Massachusetts.

☞ Merchants and others buying by the Package or Dozen will find it to their interest to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as it is our determination to sell as cheap as any of our northern competitors.

W. R. JOHNSON & CO.,
Two doors below Paul & McIlwaine,
East side Sycamore st., Petersburg, Va.

Feb. 23, 1854. 32—1y.

TO THE PUBLIC.—THE SUBSCRIBER, ANTONIO PIZZINI, *Foreign and Domestic Confectioner and Fruit Dealer,* formerly of Richmond, Virginia, has the pleasure of informing the citizens of Raleigh and the adjacent country, that he has opened (three doors below Messrs. W. H. & R. S. Tucker)

A Splendid Confectionary and Fruit Establishment!

In his store will be found at all times all that is nice, sweet and agreeable to the taste. Believing that the citizens of the place desire the establishmeni of a house of this kind, he hopes, by attention to the trade, to merit a portion of its favors. ANTONIO PIZZINI.

N. B. He keeps constantly on hand—

Oranges, Lemons, per box,	Preserves,
Raisins, per whole, ½ and ¼ boxes,	Cordials,
Nuts of all kinds,	Cigars of all kinds,
Figs and Prunes,	French and German Fancy Goods.

STEAM CANDIES (fancy and plain) manufactured by myself, and warranted as good as any in the United States. The above articles can be had at wholesale and retail.

A. PIZZINI.

April 15, 1854. 44—

JUST IN SEASON—THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE just received from New York the largest assortment of *Walking Canes,* comprising Whalebone, India Rubber, Lignum Vitae, Malacca, Rattan, &c., &c.

Also *French* and *Spanish Fans* of all descriptions. Come and see, and we will give you satisfaction.

S. MAHLER & CO.

P. S. On hand a few *beautiful gold and silver mountings,* manufactured by H. MAHLER.

Raleigh, May 5th, 1854. 49—tf.

READ AND PROFIT.—WE HAVE ON HAND rather more in the way of Summer Goods, than we wish and do not believe in keeping Goods beyond their season. We will sell *all Summer Goods at cost* and many others in the same way; to be convinced of what we say, come and see.

EVANS & COOKE.
No. 29, Cheap Place.

Raleigh, June 13, 1854. 60—

FRESH CURRANTS.—JUST RECEIVED A SUPPLY of Fresh Currants. Also, Fresh Prunes, Citron, and Figs. The above articles are for sale at ANTONIO PIZZINI'S New Confectionary Store.

FOR SALE!

That Valuable Property in the City of Raleigh Known as "Guion's Hotel!"

BY VIRTUE OF SUNDRY DEEDS OF TRUST, made by E. P. Guion, we, the Trustees, will sell at public sale, on Wednesday, the 20th of September next, on the premises, this well known and valuable property, together with the Furniture, consisting of every thing necessary to carry the business immediately on without trouble. This property is so well known that a full description is not thought necessary. Any person desirous to purchase will no doubt examine the property themselves. The Hotel is most desirably and pleasantly situated on the North-side of the Capitol Square and near the Raleigh and Gaston Depot. The beautiful Capitol Square parts it from the business part of the City, giving all the advantage of the City as well as the quiet of a private residence—besides it is free from the dust and heat of the business Street.

The Hotel contains forty-seven Rooms. Besides Stables and Out Houses, the Lot contains two acres in a Square to itself with a street all round, the Hotel is doing a successful business. A person possessing capital to enlarge the front building may command nearly all the most valuable business in the City. The purchaser will have the advantage of a large business from the State Fair in October next; also from the Legislature, which commences in November next.

At the same time we will sell two Slaves, also one Tract of Land, lying on the North-side of the Hillsborough road, two miles from Raleigh, containing one hundred and fifty acres. This land has been considerably improved and would be a pleasant place for a residence; also one other Tract of Wood-land, containing about one hundred and fifty acres about three and half miles from Raleigh, lying South of the Hillsborough Road. Also, one Omnibus and all other things contained in said Deeds.

Terms made known on the day of sale. The Hotel can be purchased at private sale by applying to E. P. Guion on the premises.

S. W. WHITING, } Trustees.
JULIUS GUION. }

Raleigh, July 20, 1854. 72—td.

POPULAR WORKS FOR SALE AT THE NORTH CAROLINA BOOK STORE.—Bennett's (Rev. John) Letters to a Young Lady, on a variety of subjects calculated to improve the heart, to form the manners, and enlighten the understanding. The publishers sincerely hope (for the sopiness of mankind) that a copy of this valuable little work will be found the companion of every young lady, as much of the happiness of every family depends on the proper cultivation of the female mind.

The Daughter's own Book, or Practical Hints from a Father to his Daughter, one vol. 18mo. This is one of the most practical and truly valuable treatises on the culture and discipline of the female mind, which has hitherto been published in this country; and the publishers are very confident, from the great demand for this invaluable little work, that ere long it will be found in the library of every young lady.

The American Chesterfield, or "Youth's Guide to the Way of Wealth, Honor, and Distinction," &c., 18mo. Containing also a complete treatise on the art of carving. "We most cordially recommend the American Chesterfield to general attention; but to young persons particularly, as one of the best works of the kind that has ever been published in this country. It cannot be too highly appreciated, nor its perusal be unproductive of satisfaction and usefulness."

Seneca's Morals. By way of abstract to which is added, a discourse under the title of an After-Thought, by Sir Roger L'Estrange, Knt. 1 vol. 18mo. A copy of this valuable little work should be found in every family library.

Book of Politeness. The Gentleman and Lady's Book of Politeness and Propriety of Deportment, dedicated to the youth of both sexes by Madame

[*From the Southern Literary Messenger for August.*]

IMPRESSIONS OF TRAVEL,

Not found in the Guide Books—Rome—Italy—the Roman Forum.

ITALY, 1853–54.—No city, no spot indeed on the surface of the earth, if it be not the tomb of our Saviour, can stir the heart like Rome. A man may prefer to live in Paris or at his own home for years and years; but, for that deep moving of the feelings; that crowding thick and fast of the memories of the past; that overwhelming press of emotion which is excited at every step, and which actually bewilder the beholder by their number, their magnitude, and their importance, there is no spot at all comparable to Rome. I do not hesitate to affirm that three weeks there are worth more than any other period of the same duration of a life time. Each object is worthy a pilgrimage and compensates for all the toil of long journeys by sea and land. The locality itself, the sacred precincts with not a stone standing, so throngs with the souvenirs of the mighty past, is so potent in invoking the spirit and the recollection of other days and of a great people, that without the Pantheon, without the Coliseum or the Forum, there were enough, not merely to satisfy, but to overwhelm the spectator. He that has enjoyed the privilege of standing upon the soil and amid the half buried relics of the "Lone Mother of Dead Empires," should never be allowed to let fall from his lips a word of complaint in after life. He has already exhausted all the impressions which objects of this nature can produce. He has had his triumph and he need not again go elsewhere in quest of that delicious excitement which is evoked by the associations which the history of other ages and nations gives rise to. There he revels in antiquity; the finest specimens which lay upon the surface of the globe are there collected for him within those hallowed walls, and in one moment he can imbibe the concentrated aroma of two thousand years of time—twenty centuries, during the lapse of which a magnificent empire and a marvelous people sprang into life, flourished and faded away. In this time too, no other nation ever expanded so large—made such astonishing progress—or left such traces of their grandeur or their civilization. I stand to-day in the Capitol, in the centre of this old power which stretched its arms out to the embrace of half the known earth, and from which, as from the great heart, it sent out life and nourishment to the remotest distances. Into this little area on the banks of a muddy river, surrounded on all sides by a flat and sterile plain, passed the great arteries of trade and poured all the wealth of a hundred empires; and from it issued the spirit and influence which commanded and enforced tribute, and gave dominion over mere numbers or brute force. Here resided the mind and the science directing the wealth which subjected and guided every thing exterior to it. The moral and physical, supplied by knowledge and education and concentrated here, made up in reality the elements from which Rome drew her resources, and these in her hand gave easy mastery over untrained and less cultivated antagonists. With these she spread and fired an electric chain which comprised the known earth in its circuit, and which ramifying in every direction the most distant dependency—the peasant of the Caucasus as well as the savage of Great Britain—felt its life giving impulse; a disturbance at the Capitol shocked the entire fabric, and its fibres ceased to throb and quiver only as they lost themselves in those far off regions to which the foot of the Roman had not yet penetrated.

But amid these ruins and during this period so rich in instruction, so fertile in great events, which left ineffaciable footprints and which continue even now to impress and modify the character of the nations of to-day, with scarce less power than they acted upon those cotemporaneous with them, there existed something more than art and arms. Then and here sprang also into life and was matured that language, and literature which, born of a Grecian mother, was nourished on this fresh and virgin soil and in this genial clime. With such harbingers to its birth—amongst a people acting great events—fed by a Mythology imaginative and romantic in the extreme—is it wonderful that in poetry and Eloquence, in breathing Statuary and in harmonious forms, they scarce find an equal, and none surpass them? That the classics which the genius of this people here produced twenty centuries since, the marbles they chisseled and the structures they reared, have only been approached by that which imitation ten centuries later of their disinterred relics gave rise to! And now, when eighteen hundred years have rolled by, the eye must still be directed towards Rome and the feet must pass over the Campagna in quest of the master pieces either of ancient or modern times. There lives there still now as then, there reigns supremely the same potent influence which confers powers to create things excellent above all others of their kind. Rome has that spell of enchantment which raises often even her humblest denizen to the conception of her greatness, and to the appreciation of her wondrous marvels. Whether it be the memory of her heroic acts, the constant momentos of her memorable deeds, the deep blue of her sky, the splendor of her sunsets, the soft influence of her delicious climate, one finds in her limits and breathes in the atmosphere which surrounds her, an inspiration not elsewhere felt; and St. Peters, the "Last Judgment," Raphael, Michael Angelo, the Painters and Architects, and the three great Epics of modern times, prove that in Italy alone reside those influences which nourish their authors equally now as she nourished once Cicero, Horace, Virgil; and her countless line of worthies whether in poetry and song, in philosophy, eloquence, or in any of those high faculties which constitute the greatness of a people.

She herself has fallen under the arm of her oppressors, but still her lamp burneth—the live coal still liveth on her altar, and the fires of her genius are not quenched. Invading armies for ages may enter upon and ravage her fair territories, and their greedy chieftains, from Frederick Barbarossa, rifle her treasurers; but they cannot entirely despoil *her*. There is impressed upon her soil and there will ever live within her borders that which man cannot deprive her of; and when the arms of her own sons shall be incompetent to sustain her, the magic of the name of Italy will be as a spell to draw to her nourishment, those who seek there all that feeds the sentiment and stimulates the ambition, those from distant climes and other lands, in whose breasts kindles the enthusiasm of her glorious deeds, and who warm at the recital of her wrongs.

No! the sacred flame of Italian liberty, kept alive in hearts of too pure a sentiment and of too holy a nature to permit of its extinction, is not quenched! The *women* of Italy are the vestal band who guard it; and when so long and such undying hatred of their foreign protectors (Austrian invaders) pervades their breasts, so long will their be fountains ever fresh and sources ever perennial to keep alive the feeling. The spirit of the *women* of Italy guarantees forever that which is wanting in the energy, the resolution or the capacity of her men. Father, son and brother, learn freedom's lesson in the burning shame of sister or mother—and those who claim their protection and their manhood, cry aloud for vengeance.

Men are not men in this warm Italian clime, and with this hot blood of the South, whom such arguments will not make heroic, and give resistless power in the unequal contest, when that contest comes!

What is that flat, oblong, rectangular space standing before me there, is which one is forced to descend by steps from the general level of the earth with which centuries have covered it. Its damp pavement is Mosaic, and from it start a few broken pillars and marble columns, two of them with architraves still standing, their tops encrusted with leaves cut in the living stone, and their half buried pedestals with earth, scarcely less sacred.

It is the *Roman Forum!*

Above it, not a stone's throw, rises the steep summit of the Capitoline Hill, and seated upon it are the Towers of the *Capitol of Ancient Rome*, and still over the path and between the two, is the Arc of Septimus Severus, covered as it was centuries since with sculptured figures of vanquisher and vanquished. It is blackened by age, but lives as it did when but a hundred years old. Not forty rods from these and the point first alluded to, I enter the Mammertine Prisons of Ancus Martius and Servius Tullius, in whose buried cells men were wont to be confined—those men of note and mark—whether Cataline, Jugurtha or St. Peter, who troubled the leaders of the capitol above. There leads off on the right and in front, a path which Horace trod, as was his custom ("*sic ut mos*,") and passing under another arch of scarce less venerable aspect than the first, (arch of Titus,) you see it shaded by a towering structure than which the eye of man finds none more stupendous, called now, as when Pompey was yet alive, the Coliseum. On the left of this, which is the celebrated "*Via Sacra*," exist ruins of temples and edifices which were the marvel of their epoch, and on its right crowning and covering an extensive hill called then as now Palatine, we see ruins piled upon ruins. By night we may hear there the bat and the owl, and stumble over the broken and piled up fragments of enormous palaces which the wealth of the richest nation of earth constructed during her most luxuriant days. These are the palaces of the Cæsars, and of Diocletian, covering an immense area. Night winds would howl through their half filled vaults, the rain drops beat in upon their painted walls and their fretted ceilings are damp with slime. In the day the ripe corn waves at the base of its mouldering walls, and the vine is trained over their tops. At each coming fall their annual crop is gathered, which has been fed by the crumbled brick and mortar returning to its original dust. With each year nature regains her dominion over art, and with her slow but constant toil, by sure and certain means she gathers back to her bosom the elements which man had stolen from her to raise his frail tenements. He may employ science and knowledge, may add and change and combine, but all must yield to the great alchemy of nature, and from the top of the Coliseum its doom is seen in the tall corn which waves on the Palatine Hill.

This then is truly a hallowed spot—here lies the graves of great deeds—here were born and were matured those memorable events which marked the world and their epoch.

Porsenna actually stormed those walls there! Here Clelia swam the "Yellow Tibur" (*Flavum Tiberim*) to join her Roman friends. Through this gate rushed an infuriated people, when maddened by resentment they at length tore off the shackles of the tyrant and took their own fortunes in their own hands! Here struck the arm of the outraged father as he drew from the heart of his spotless child the reeking steel, and calling aloud for vengeance, swore by the sacrifice worthy of a Roman, to assert the liberties of his country! There the Roman father spoke those stern words which from the issue of his loins took life! A sweet spoken orator of matchless mien and godlike purpose, clothed in his toga, from that tribunal there fired his country with glorious eloquence as he poured forth those words which none but him could so well pronounce. Anon he burns with resentment—now his eyes flash fire as he utters those scathing denunciations which cowed Cataline, or poured out with marvellous fluency from his fecund lip that high philosophy which Rome had never yet listened to, and which Greece scarce had conceived of.

As if in the midst of his discourse, he wraps his cloak around him, methinks I see his veins swell and his proud form dilate, as he recounts the injuries of the oppressed—the high duties of the citizen—the safeguards of the republic—the dangers of intestine foes—or calming down into the wide channel of statesmanlike argument, deduce by masterly logic those subtle rules of morals upon which is based all true greatness. Whether the orator conducted his argument upon the great principles of government or of national policy—whether by a long chain of reasoning he educed the great maxims of philosophy—whether he taught those beautiful precepts of social life which shine with a mellow lustre in his *De Amicitia* or *De Senectute*—or whether a culprit cowed before his indignant frown, or at the movement of his finger—he still stands before me there in the Forum of which I see now naught save the half buried brick and floor and the damp pillars under which they walked!

Again, I see strange Gallic Legions, with the same anxious faces with which they leapt the Rubicon, crowding in and around the pillars there, whilst their General stalks along with the mien of one conscious that he had aimed a blow at the heart of Rome—which struck to the earth at once both him and her.

This man with the massive forehead and thoughtful brow, that I see in the marble bust of him at Naples, has triumphed in all the elements of distinction—he has worn the laurel on every field—he has carried off the prizes in every contest—he is a sturdy champion in war, in diplomacy, in letters—he can lead an army or storm a fortress better than the best in the Republic—in the midst of the camp he can write Memoirs so pure and classic, such models of clearness and beauty, of combined strength and elegance, that the schoolboy is pointed to them for imitation a thousand years after him. In diplomacy he is as wily and adroit as the most sagacious! He is universal in his tastes, fancies and capacities; is content to leave a mistress like Cleopatra to trace the sources of the Nile; he imitates the luxuries of Lucullus and Pollio in taking a vomit before his meals, and he builds baths, villas, and palaces at Baiæ, at Pausilippo, and on the Palatine Hill, which fully rivals theirs in richness and beauty. But the statute of Pompey in the Borghese Palace is still stained with blood—for there is around him there a 'trusty and well beloved Brutus' with stern and lowering front, and there is there a 'lean and hungry Cassius,' who taught the world how the current events repose in the firm purpose and deathless constancy of single man, and how one arm can wield and direct the destinies of Empires. The pavements of the Forum these men trampled upon when such thoughts tore their very heartstrings.

At the blow of Cassius and of Brutus the whole drama of the Augustan Period opens into view. They brought destruction along with themselves upon all, even the greatest among them. Cicero fell by the blow. Anarchy and carnage flourished and rioted in excess, till from the bloody picture was ushered into view those golden days of Augustus and Mæcenas, and Horace and Virgil—when the finest epics, the most graceful verses, all the delicacies and amenities of a life at the same time refined, cultivated and luxurious were exhibited. Before, all had been revolutionary, strong, vigorous and passionate; now it is all lightness and elegance and taste. And here not a hundred yards from this spot Liva was borne fainting from the hall when the poet read to her Lord the '*Tueris Marcellus*,' and the Æneid administered to the vanity of prince and people. There stands Virgil all radiant with excitement as he narrates the well drawn picture; the Sybil foretelling and showing to the Trojan Chieftain the shades of those great men of coming time; Horace sits in the back ground enjoying the triumph of modest but exalted merit—Claudia is pale with emotion, and Augustus and Mæcenas drink in the touching story. The busts and statues that are now reposing in the Vatican for the benefit of the curious, decorate the room.

There was another, the "Greatest Roman of them all," who walked this Forum many a long year before these, but whom all delight to remember, and to point to as the parent of the Scipios. This was old Scipio, the grand-father of Scipio Africanus.

He it is whom Cicero delights to cite as the good old model of virtue and elegance—one of those fine gentlemen of the early days who gave their names to the best families and noblest blood of Rome, and who rank with Dentatus, with Cato and with Lelia.

I not only descend down into his very tomb along the Via Appia where Cicero tells us they lay in his day, as he says, "when you go out of the porta capena and see the tombs of Calatinus, the Scipios, the Servilii and the Metelli can you consider that the buried inmates were unhappy," and where he was wont to reflect on the virtures of his ancestors; but I actually open his very coffin in the Vatican, handle familiarly the remains, and read there the merits of the venerable dead. For a stirring memento of the past—for a veritable relic of a remote antiquity, nothing compares with the tomb, of the earliest of this illustrious name. The inscriptions and the implements, even including the ornaments of his person, are not destroyed, and the signet ring which adorned his finger is now carefully locked up in the cabinet of the Duke of —— in England.

When such a man trod the Forum there with his stately step and native dignity, how must Rome have watched with pride her citizen, gazing upon one of the noblest specimens the world ever produced.

Following him, in his own family and of the single name of Scipio, were other worthies whose fame was only equalled or eclipsed by that of an ancestor or a descendant.

Men who beat Hannibal when Flaminius and his legions perished at Thrasimene—men who won triumphs in Europe and Asia and Africa—who took surnames from continents and to whom the East and the West had to furnish epithets to distinguish. They were those whom age only disqualified for office; or whose only fault was that they were too young to wear the badges for which their abilities and merits fitted them, who did not fear to appeal successfully to the Tribunes and to an ungrateful people and to point to the deeds they had done and to the blood they had spilt for Rome; when from the Forum, before us, old Scipio Africanus in the midst of his trial, like Marius when he pointed to his scars, cried out to the jealous Tribunes, "*Tribunes of the people and you citizens, let us haste to yonder Capitol and offer sacrifices to the Gods, for 'twas on this day that I conquered Hannibal.*"

Whilst with a burst of enthusiasm, the sudden memory of the greatness of his past swept away the little malignities of the present and rescued the old soldier from the enmity of the base and mean.

Another, surnamed 'Massica,' who slew Tiberius Gracchus, talented, eloquent and learned in the laws, had a virtue only equalled by his courage. He was called the delight of the Romans, and the people did not hesitate to proclaim him the greatest man of the Republic, whilst he himself had enough simplicity of heart and grandeur of soul to contemn honors and to retire like Dentatus and Washington when his services were no longer needed.

But it were endless to speak of this hallowed spot, the *Roman Forum*, to recall the great men who have trod its floors.

Other localities, around and in sight, the Capitol itself, the Tarpeian-Rock, the Circus Maximus, throng with the great names of Quintus Mutius Scaevola, Horatius Cocles, Camillus, Coriolanus, Dentatus, the Catos, the Metelli, the Servilli, and those of whom the very sepulchres lie tenantless of their heroic dwellers!

THE ENGLISH HOUSE OF COMMONS.

A recent writer in the London Quarterly Review has an excellently written article on the English House of Commons, from which we make the following extracts:

"Of Parliamentary eloquence," says the writer in the Quarterly, "we rather decline to speak. When there was such things as grand speeches—we are willing to believe they were very grand—they had seldom reporters with short-hand pens, and most of them died. Assuredly the art is extinct, and there are no great speeches now. There are long speeches, and sarcastic speeches, and crack speeches, but they are not such speeches as fell from the lips of Burke, Pitt, and Fox, or, more recent still, from Canning and Brougham. * * * *

We have frequently heard it asked whether there was much wit in the House, and have never known any variation in the reply. Very seldom, indeed, is 'a good thing' said within these walls. Yet the House of Commons is an indulgent audience, where it likes the speaker; but here as elsewhere, the most senile anecdote, execrably told, will be endured from a favorite, while an unknown man will receive a groan in return for an epigram."

Of the style and manner of some of the prominent members of the House, we have brief sketches. We select a few:

Lord Palmerston.—Lord Palmerston does not affect eloquence, but usually speaks in a frank, English manner, the franker that he frequently hesitates over a word, making no secret of the fact that he wishes to select the best. His action is energetic, even in giving a brief explanation. His long experience of business and of the House, combined with his own keen insight into character, tell him at a glance what manner of man his antagonist is, and in what way it would be acceptable to the House to have him treated. Though he is personally fearless and never hesitatates to close when the fight demands a grapple, it is evidently pleasant for Lord Palmerston merely to exchange a few knightly blows with a worthy assailant, and then to charge upon the field, after the manner of one of the Proissart heroes, so much admired by John Graham, of Claverhouse.

Mr. Disraeli.—Of Mr. Disraeli's masterly passionsionless, finished delivery, we have already spoken Like the warrior to whom Norma chants her witching song, seldom

"Lies he still, through sloth or fear,
When point and edge are glittering near."

An ever-ready speaker, his premeditated orations, that is to say, those over which he has had some time—no matter how short—to ponder, are nevertheless infinitely better than those prompted by the exigency of the moment. He will sometimes from this cause reply better to the earlier part of an antagonist's argument than to its close; and his own peroration is seldom so effective as what, in dramatic language, may be called the crisis of his speech. Unprepared he has a tendency to verbiage, and to a repetition of the same idea, without a sufficient variety of treatment; prepared and not a blow misses; not a platitude irritates; not a sarcasm is impeded by a weakening phrase. The arrow, stripped of all plumage except that which aids and steadies its flight, strikes within a hair's breadth of the archer's aim; whether it finds the joint of the harness, or shivers on the shield, is occasionally matter of opinion; but that it often wounds deeply would seem to be proved by the exceeding ferocity with which, out of the House, Mr. Disraeli is assailed. In the House, it is rare for any one but Mr. Gladstone to meddle with him.

Mr. Gladstone.—Mr. Gladstone is the most polished speaker in the House of Commons. His verbal resources are as remarkable as his management of them; and his manner is invariably that of a gentleman. He is charged with "subtlety" by coarser minds, but we fancy that the English intellect, which is not distinguished for analytical power, treats the subject in a somewhat jumbling fashion. Mr. Gladstone inclines to the Tractarian party—Tractarians are no better than Jesuits—Jesuits are proverbially subtle—and, therefore, when Mr. Gladstone is defining, very elaborately, the difference between long annuities and deferred annuities, he is talking Jesuitically. We belive that Mr. Gladstone would be a more popular orator if he would be less explicit; but, while he exhausts the subject, he sometimes exhausts the listener. His refined and scholarly periods, the creation of the moment, but as elegantly balanced and as keenly pointed as if they had been written and studied—are always marvels of fluency, and often specimens of eloquence.

Mr. Bright.—Mr. Bright, notwithstanding the disadvantage of advocating opinions which are often extravagant, is among the very ablest speakers in the House. Though it is a general remark, that his tone, during the present session, has been less defiant than formerly, his worst defect is still the arrogance and intolerance of his language, insomuch that a friend is reported to have said of him, that, had he not been a Quaker, he would have been a pugilist. On the other hand, he is extremely ready, and can both reason and declaim with unusual power.

Mr. Cobden.—Mr. Cobden has a down look, and a manner which is neither masculine nor polished. He hammers away with a narrow, riggling action of the fore-arm, and his arguments partake of the same small but continuous character, till at the close you find that, despite your dislike at being jolted onwards in such a fashion, he has proved his case from his premises.

Speaking generally, the Review says:

"There are some earnest men, chiefly young, who are 'coming up,' and will, we trust, do good service; for they speak as single-minded Englishmen, who eschew quackery and cant. Lord Stanley, on one side, and Mr. Layard, 'the member for Nineveh,' on the other, are excellent types of a class to which we look with hopefulness, for the world is very weary of Red Tape and Cotton Twist."

There is in the Navy Yard, Gosport, Va., a new Sloop of War, which was launched last Saturday, called the "Constellation," a rebuild of the Frigate of that name, built in New York, by Captain Stoddard, about 1797. Some variations has been made in the new vessel to fit her for carrying the Paixhan gun, which will make her a match for any Frigate in the Navy of England and France in the weight of metal which she can discharge. Twenty feet have been added in the length, the stern rounded, with hanging gallies to relieve, and pierced for two guns between them. The bows are modeled after the old vessel, but will compare with and of to is date for good sailing qualities. The symmetry of the hull is very fine.

A gentleman in Edwardsville, Ill., writing to a friend in Louisville, Ky., says: "The like of it I have never before seen. *It is now two months and two weeks since we have had a rain*, saving a slight shower on the 20th June, amounting to nothing. I have never before seen immense fields of corn burned up, wilted, twisted up, cooked, parched, and yet it don't rain. I think I may srfely say from what I have seen, the corn crop will be deficient 70 to 75 per cent, in all southern Illinois."

THE ELECTION.

We are not yet in possession of full details of the election. Enough however is known to assure us that we have carried both branches of the Legislature by overwhelming majorities, there being a Democratic majority on joint ballot of 2[illegible]. Mr. Bragg is elected Governor by 2000 majority.

There are various topics connected with the late election, and its triumphant result in favor of the great truths of Democracy, which we should like to have noticed in our issue of today. Other engagements besides our editorial duties, and absence from home, having prevented us.

We cannot, however, allow this opportunity to pass without saying a word as to the vote of this District. In our judgment Mr. Bragg would have carried the district had it not been for the unscrupulous and unremitting efforts of our opponents to place him in an attitude of hostility to works of Internal Improvement; and especially to the extension of the Central Rail Road. Certificates and letters were furnished Gen. Dockery which he read from the stump and retailed in private, through his friends into every corner of the District. With as many active supporters as Gen. Dockery had in every county in this District—men who labored constantly and earnestly for him—it is not surprising that Mr. Bragg's opinions and position on Internal Improvements should have been successfully misrepresented to the people. Many Whigs, who upon other points were decidedly favorable to Mr. Bragg and who would have voted for him, suffered themselves to be duped by the arts and devices of their old leaders, and voted against Mr. Bragg, simply because a hue and cry was raised for Dockery and a rail road. With such a clamor in all quarters against Mr. Bragg on this question, which our people regard as of so much importance, it was useless for him to declare again and again, as he did here, that he was in favor of the extension of the Central Road. The modest, gentlemanly declaration of a gentleman's sentiments upon this question availed very little against the vociferous shouts of those who attempted to prostitute the great Internal Improvement interests of the State to party purposes. Some gentlemen, for example, professed to be opposed to the Charlotte and Jonesborough Road, because it would diminish our chances for extending the Central Road West of the Blue Ridge; and yet these very gentlemen, knowing that Gen. Dockery had written a letter in favor of that Road to the Charlotte Convention—(a Convention which we shall always regard as a mere convocation of Whig politicians, assembled to benefit Gen. Dockery)—supported him vehemently, as a better Rail Road man than Mr. Bragg.

These were the tactics of the opposition. Their leading men professed to be against particular projects of Improvement—representing them as fatal to the interests of the different localities in which they happened to reside, yet when they found Gen. Dockery committed *for* these projects and Mr. Bragg holding himself, as he ought to have done, uncommitted to *any* local interest, but ready to do justice to *all*—they still went for their man, and by shouting for Dockery and the rail road, deceived a great many honest voters and expected to carry the State. The good sense and integrity of the people have defeated their expectations, and instead of electing Gen. Dockery, who used Internal Improvement merely as a hobby horse to ride into power upon, the people have elected Mr. Bragg.

In him, we have no doubt, as we said during the canvass, the Internal Improvement interests of the State will find a firm, wise and liberal friend. He dealt in no extravagant promises upon the stump, in order to catch votes, but we venture to promise for him, now that he is elected, that he will exert every effort which his office will allow him to use, in order to accomplish what we so much desire in this part of the State—the extension of the Central Road.

Asheville News.

FASHIONABLE RELIGION. In high aristocratic quarters, hypocrisy has its vantage ground. In the "best society," religion is popular, and devotional exercises are essential as contrasts to opera nights and ball room festivities. A pew in church is an element of respectability akin to a resplendent equipage or a service of plate. Unique cruciform churches are absolute necessities to aristocratic devotion; and to this end human ingenuity is tortured to achieve a mædieval atrocity of diabolical ugliness and miraculous inconvenience. Close upon the consecration of this offspring of a nightmare, comes a public auction, where the right to worship God in a conspicuous situation, is knocked down to the highest bidder at so much per cubic foot. The election of a pastor is a work of great responsibility and accompanied with intense excitement. The congregational meeting is called. Two or three deluded iddividuals suggest the propriety of choosing a man of eminent piety, which meets with no favor, and the mover is pronounced an "old fogy." The sense of the meeting (meetings are often utterly devoid of that article) approves of an eloquent satirist, who has a reputation for saying exceeding uncharitable things in a very quiet way, about sister denominations. Under the guardianship of this shepherd, the church commences operations. A trial of the organ is the next imperative demand, and by the aid of the *figurentes* of the opera, a concert leads off the attack upon the strong hold of Satan.

It is not impossible, in view of the advancing enlightenment of the age, that we may yet chronicle the entire disappearance of installation services, and in their place dilate upon the graceful waltzing of Miss ——at the Rev. Mr.——'s inauguration ball. Here follows weeks of animated discussion with regard to pew furniture. Knots of jewelled dowagers meet in the aisles or vestibules to interchange views in respect to what color of velvet for prayer book binding, the light streaming through the stained glass window, would enhance its effect. On the Sabbath morning, flashing cariages roll up before the church door and set down their loads of richly dressed ladies. It seems to be impossible for a young lady to get into a pew without performing the Jenny Lind trot, and as pew backs are usually high and angular they do not exactly accommodate themselves to the skillful execution of that terpsichorean accomplishment, insomuch that a foot coming in contact with the cushioned stool, frequently facilitates the forward movement without materially adding to its grace. The congregation once seated, the overture is performed on the organ, introducing all the popular airs from the Katydid of Julien to the latest gem of Ethiopian Minstrelsy to the sounding dispasons of Mozart or Beethoven. A favorable opportunity is now offered for close observation of every one's millinery and mantua making before the service begins. After a short sermon, the audience, as it came up, rolls off to discuss epicurean delicacies and sparkling wine, satisfied that it is highly reputable to make an outward show of piety on Sunday to shade the sombre hue of week day selfishness.

We believe we speak reverently when we say, that such religion as this works out a curse a thousand fold more baleful than the blatant infidelity which these kid glove clergy so eloquently rebuke. Fashionable life is at best a sham, but when it carries its corrupting hypocrisy into the sacred things of life, if becomes a malevolent demon, trifling with realities that stretch into the unknown hereafter. And it is the imperative duty of all who can, to tear from its face the painted mask, with which it hides its disheveled deformity, and hold it up before the world in its true light—a cold calculating fiend, working disastrously in all our social system, blasting with its foul breath the holy affections that grow green in the home of the heart, and sowing the seeds of a harvest that will be gathered for the burning.

Philadelphia Register.

RESPECT FOR THE DEAD IN PARIS. A common practice in Paris, which impresses a stranger favorably, is that of lifting or taking off the hat as a funeral passes. This is observed by all classes. A little while since, (says the writer,) I noticed a small funeral train moving in the direction of the Madeleine. Evidently the one borne to burial was of the humblest class, for the body was followed only by a few workmen in blouses and women without bonnets. As it passed on, hats were taken off by the well dressed crowd, sitting or moving on the walk, by gentlemen in carriages with footmen in golden liveries, and by men driving their watering carts through the streets. It was a touching and a beautiful sight.

CURE FOR STAMMERING. Read aloud with the teeth closed. This should be practiced for two hours a day for three or four months. The recommender of this simple remedy says—"I can speak with certainty of its utility."

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Office at Raleigh, Sept. 1, 1854.

A.
Ashe, R. J.
Allen, George B.
Ally, Joseph T.
Alford, Haywood
B.
Bryan & Boyeth, 5
Browning, Sam'l R. 2
Biddle, Mary S. 2
Buffaloe, Borrel
Burns, N. G.
Burns, Cadet E.
Brasington, John W.
Boyle, Pat.
Bassought, Charles J.
Brown, John M.
Bracket, Ned.
Blake, William R.
Baughcom, John
Blount, Frederick S.
Barton, William
C.
Crady, Nathan 2
Cunningham, Thomas
Cubbs, F. H.
Copeland, Wm.
Chavis, Eliza
Collinsworth, A. J.
Cumlow, Mathew
Cailed, John M.
Colcleugh, John
Colwell, Sarah
Crocker, John
Clifton, Sarah
Clarke, W. T.
Cooke, Thomas
Cooke, James H.
D.
DuPree, Sarah 2
Daugherty, Wm. 3
Duane, Jas.
Dodd, James
Dunn, Nathaniel
Dickerson, J. B.
E.
Edwards, Thomas
Ennis, Sarah L.
Ellen, Miss Ridley 2
F.
Ferrell, J. M. 2
Feril, Elye
Freeman, W. H.
Franks, Lorenzo
Francis, Peter
Fort, W. F.
G.
Goodwin, Jefferson
Goodwin, William
Gulley, John C.
Graefenburg Company.
Gould, George L.
H.
Howell, Louisa
Hornaday, Isa
Hinds, P. P.
Henly, Jacob E.
Hogue, John A.
Hall, E. D.
Holdfield, Daniel W.
Herseman, R. S.
Hutchings & Stallings,
Hartranft, Oscar
Hardesty, Daniel W.
Haywood, Rufus
Hill, Lucy A.
Hall, H. J.
Hall, W. J.
Hill, A. J.
Hinton, Miss Angerona W.
Hinton, Mrs. Esther
Horton, M. H.
Horton, Thomas J.
Harriss, Martha
Harrd, James
Hays, Jacob
Hays, Hartrunner
House, Mahaly
House, Lindsey
House, Penelope
Hunter, Henry
J.
Jeffreys, Wm.
Joyner, Elizabeth
Jordan, Miss S. V.
Jewell, Julia A.
Jett, Henry
Justice, Polly
Johns, J. B.
Johnson, Jerry
Johnson, Moses A.
John, W. M.
Jones, Austin
Jones, William
Jones, P. P.
Jones, Martha
Jones, Ransom
Jones, Amanda
K.
Kelly, Darby
King, Frank F.
Killman, W. H. S.
L.
Ludlow, H. 3
L'Engle, F. F. 2
Lewis, E. G.
Lamb, Wm.
M.
McCafferty, John P. 3
McAdams, Susan
McRea, John C.
McCollock, Rebecca
Moore, B. H.
Moore, John G.
Moore, Miss A. M.
Miller, Robert
Mills, Mrs. L.
Mixon, Miss Ann Maria W.
Murray, Milley
Medlin, Wiley
Maffit, J. H.
Marriott, Dr. J. C.
Maynard, Wiley
Murphey, Miss Ann Eliza
N.
Nichols, Miss Candis
Neale, Mrs. Nancy
Nipper, A. F.
O.
Olive, William B.
P.
Patten, James 3
Pratt, James M. 2
Parker, H. O. 2
Parker, L. C.
Parish & Boykin, 2
Pullin, Willis
Pasmore, Bennet
Pitherick, Thomas
Patrun, Juvenile
Pierson, Stephen
Perry, Catharine
Page, Miss Marthia H.
Poole & Rogers.
S.
Spain, Thomas H. 2
Strother, F. K.
Shaw, Elizabeth F.
Sater, E. B.
Sandiford, H.
Smith, A. W.
Smith, Mary A.
Stallings, James B.
Stallings, W. S.
T.
Tigh, John
Taylor, Ford
Todd, Greene
Thompson, Samuel M.
Thompson & wife, John
U.
Utley, Mary Jane
W.
Winston, Francis M.
Woodward, James
Webb, Col.
Woodson, Fred. A.
Whitfield, Charity H.
Wridout, Frederick
Woodall, Capt. A. P.
White, Mrs.
White, jr., Mrs. William
Wray, Mr. P. J.
Waitt, Mrs. Grizza A. 2
Waller, Miss Sarah
Walton, Mrs. Julia A. 2
Walton, Joseph A.
Williams, Daniel
Williams, Martha
Wedding, Miss Susan
Wedding, Miss Mary
Whitaker, Miss Julia
Whitaker, Richard
Whitaker, Mrs. Sarah
Y.
Young, T. W.
Young, Sam'l Y.

Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say they are advertised.

WM. WHITE, P. M.

Raleigh, Sept. 1, 1854. 1038—3tw.

BARGAINS FOR THE PEOPLE!
First New Fall Goods in Market!!

AN ELEGANT SUPPLY OF RICH AND FASHIONABLE DRY GOODS, embracing every variety and style just at hand and to which the attention of purchasers and especially of ladies and gentlemen of judgment and taste is respectfully invited, consisting in part of—
Richly new style Cashmeres and Barage Delanes, splendid black and colored Silks,
French Muslins and Calicoes,
English and American Prints,
French and English Ginghams,
Beautiful Mourning and half Mourning Calicoes and Ginghams,
A beautiful lot of Gimp, Velvet Trimmings, and Silk Fringes and Laces,
Black Alpacca and Canton Cloths,
Sontag and Grass Linen Skirts.
Spendid Black, Blue and Fancy colored Mantillas,
Plain and fancy Cassimeres,
Irish Linen and Cotton Shirting.

B. B. SMITH.

Raleigh, August 21, 1854. 78—

FALL STYLE 1854.—GENIN'S & BEEBE'S celebrated real super Extra Bon Ton Black Moleskin Hats just at hand by Adams & Co's. Express—together with a rich assortment of Know Nothing and Wide Awake Hats to suit the times.

B. B. SMITH.

August 22, 1854. 78—

BOOTS, GAITERS AND SHOES.—A BEAUtiful supply of Gentlemen's and Ladie's Boots, Gaiters and Shoes, just opened at

B. B. SMITH'S.

August 22, 1854. 78—

CHEAP READY MADE CLOTHING OF every description, also just received at

B. B. SMITH'S.

August 22, 1854. 78—2m.

NOTICE.—THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE HIS TRACT OF LAND, lying in Edgecombe county, on the west side of Swift Creek, and four miles from Battle's Depot, containing seven hundred and sixty-six acres, with about four hundred acres now in a good state of cultivation; the low land that is not drained, can be, as conveniently as that which has been, and it contains a plenty of good mud convenient for composting. The said land has a Dwelling House, out houses, gin house and screw, and a house for an Overseer, with two first rate wells of water. The tract of land is as level as any tract in the neighborhood, and both houses on high elevated seats and considered healthy, and I can venture to say is as healthy as any in the county.

SAMUEL MARSHBOURN.

August 28, 1854. 1073—10tw&swpd.

FALL STOCK OF FANCY GOODS!—I would respectfully beg leave to announce to my friends and the trade generally, that I am now in receipt of my FALL STOCK of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FANCY GOODS, consisting of all kinds of goods usually kept in my line of business, together with a large lot of clocks, of the newest and most desirable patterns, which I am prepared to offer at unusually low prices to cash and punctual customers.

DUDLEY NICHOLS, Agent,
Sycamore street.

Petersburg, Aug. 25, 1854. 1087—w3w.

AT COST!—TO MAKE ROOM FOR A LAGE FALL and Winter Stock, we will sell many good and desirable articles at nett cost. Among them are—
Fancy Colored Cloth Coats,
Fine Tweed do.
French and American Casimere Pants,
Fancy Silk Vests, &c., &c.
These are all of good styles and well made.

E. L. HARDING.

Aug. 23d, 1854. 79—

TEACHER WANTED FOR THE CHERAW FEMALE ACADEMY.—A lady qualified to teach PAINTING, DRAWING, and all other higher branches of Female Education. A salary of five hundred dollars per annum, from 1st October next, will be given. Application may be made until 30th September. ALEX. GREGG,
President of Board of Trustees.

Cheraw, S. C., 21st Aug., 1854. 76—w4t.

LEWIS & KING,
Commission Merchants,
MOBILE, ALABAMA.

B. B. Lewis, formerly of Franklin Co., N. C.
Dr. Peyton Lewis, of Pickens Co., Ala.
A. M. Lewis, our authorized agent of Raleigh, N. C.

June 1, 1854. 58—

GREENSBOROUGH MUTUAL INSURANCE Co. At the end of Three Years, such has been the economy of the officers of this Company, that we are now free from debt; have made no assessments and have such a large Capital in cash and notes, that we have no hesitation in saying to the public, that there is no safer Company in the Southern Country. The most of the Risks in this Company being in the Western part of the State, where the danger from fire is much less.

At the last annual Meeting the following officers were elected.

JAMES SLOAN, President
S. G. COFFIN, Vice President.
C. P. MENDENHALL, Attorney.
PETER ADAMS, Sec'y & Treasurer.
W. H. CUMMING, Gen. Agent.

DIRECTORS.—James Sloan, Dr. J. A. Mebane, C. P. Mendenhall, Wm. S. Rankin, Rev. C. F. Deems, James Garret, Jed H. Lindsay, W. J. McConnel, E. W. Ogburn, L. Cole, D. P. Weir, Greensborough; E. F. Lilly, Wentborough, Dr. S. G. Coffin, Jamestown; Joshua Terry, Washington; Wm. A. Wright, Wilmington; John Beaver, Salisbury; John H. Cooke, Fayetteville; H. G. Spruill, Plymouth; Robert E. Troy, Lumberton; Dr. R. H. Sloan, Lenox Castle.

All communications should be directed to the Secretary free of Postage. PETER ADAMS Sec'y.

August 6, 1854. 5—

TO THE TRADE OF VIRGINIA AND NORTH CAROLINA.—*A. S. SHAFER & CO.* invite the attention of Merchants to their Spring and Summer CLOTHING, just opened, consisting of a complete assortment of gentlemen's apparel and furnishing goods—the former of their own recent manufacture, the latter selected from the latest importations, in the Northern market.

Summer Cassimeres, Fancy and Plain Twe

The Standard.

RALEIGH, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 6, 1854.

THE DROUGHT—CROPS, &c.

An unprecedented drought is prevailing in Ohio, Illinois, Michigan, New York, Vermont, Massachusetts, Maine, and other Northern and Eastern States. They have had no rain of benefit to the growing crops since the last of June. Fires have been raging in the mountains of Vermont and New Hampshire, in the forests of Maine and New York, and in the woods and swamps of Ohio. The loss from this cause is said to have been great.

The potatoe and corn crop, it is stated, has been materially injured, and in some localities entirely cut off; and in Maryland the corn crop is also suffering. The accounts, though doubtless somewhat exaggerated, are really gloomy. The ensuing year must be one of general scarcity in the Northern States, and of serious suffering to the poor.

The Southern and South-Western States have generally, we believe, been blessed with good seasons. We see no complaint of drought in Tennessee, Arkansas, Alabama, Florida, or South Carolina; and in this State, so far as we have learned, the rains have been general and frequent. The wheat crop of North Carolina did not turn out, by twenty-five per cent., as well as was expected; but the corn crop gives promise of a fair yield. The weather is dry and hot just now, and late corn is needing rain; but the crop will, upon the whole, be a good one. We have made inquiries of the Sheriffs and others recently in the City from various parts of the State, and what we state is the result of the information obtained.

The tobacco crop, we learn, is looking finely.

The demand for breadstuffs in this State will probably be greater the ensuing year than heretofore, owing to the mining, timber-getting, turpentine, and Railroad operations. These various departments of labor have not only added to the number of consumers, but many hands have been taken thereby from the farms; yet we have no apprehension of any thing like a serious scarcity of provisions. We think we may safely say to our farming friends that the increased demand for breadstuffs, coupled with the continued abundance of money, will most probably ensure amply remunerating if not high prices for provisions of all kinds during the next eight or twelve months.

SENATOR DOUGLAS.

Senator Douglas was to have addressed the people of Chicago on Thursday last. The papers of that place solicit for him a patient hearing.

It was threatened, by certain Whig and Abolition papers, pending the Nebraska and Kansas bill, that Judge Douglas would not be safe in returning to Chicago; but it seems he is at home again, and the traitor dogs have not even growled at him. Douglas possesses abilities equal to any emergency, and the nerves of "Old Hickory" himself. He soars as far above his malignant assailants as the eagle does above the "mousing owl."

FALL ELECTIONS. The following is a list of the States yet to vote this fall, and the time of holding the elections:

California	September	5
Vermont	September	5
Maine	September	11
Pennsylvania	October	10
Ohio	October	19
Indiana	October	10
Massachusetts,	November	13
New York	November	7
New Jersey	November	7
Illinois	November	7
Michigan	November	7
Wisconsin	November	7

☞ On Friday last two free negro boys—John Lochlear and Bill Chavis—were arrested and brought before Mr. Intendrnt Haywood, on a charge of forging and passing orders in the name of W. W. Holden for goods on Messrs. Rosenthall, Messrs. Schloss and Brother, and Mr. Mahler of this City. A negro boy, the property of Peter Hines, Esq., was also implicated, and on conviction was ordered to be publicly whipped. The free boys were bound for their appearance at the next term of the Superior Conrt, and not being able to give bail, were committed to await their trial.

WHEAT. There were, on Wednesday last, twelve or fifteen hundred bushels of wheat lying in the Warrenton Depot, awaiting transportation to market. When it is considered that the freight trains load up every other day, taking off the produce at the different depots, some idea of the vast amount sent from the county may be formed.

Warrenton News.

It is a common expression that as much wheat is now sowed in Granville County as was produced there fifteen years ago. The yield is no doubt five or six times greater than it was then; and this increase is almost entirely owing to the prompt and convenient means of transportation afforded to the farmers of that County by the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad.

☞ The Norfolk Era, the organ of the Know Nothings there, which was discontinued for a short time, has again made its appearance. The following extract, from the introductory address of the publisher, may be taken as embodying the substance of the proscriptive policy of the Know Nothings:

"We have taken our position on the American platform and shall maintain it to the best of our ability, *believing that native born citizens only should be elevated to posts of honor and trust under our government.*"

☞ Our County Court, says the Warrenton News, is in session this week. On Monday the decision of the Sheriff's election, which was a tie in the popular vote, was made, and Wm. E. Jones, Esq., elected as Sheriff for the next two years. The vote stood, Jones, 19, Judkins 18. The vacancy in the office of County Attorney, occasioned by the resignation of Wm. A. Jenkins, Esq., was filled by the election of J. B. Batchelor Esq., to that office.

THE CROPS IN NORTH CAROLINA. A letter from Raleigh to the Petersburg Intelligencer says: "I have travelled extensively over the Old North State this summer, and was pleased to see the crops so luxuriant, as a general thing. The wheat harvest was very large, I learn. The cotton and tobacco look pretty well; indeed, every thing promises to afford the agriculturalist the richest rewards for his labors."

NEW YORK STATE LOAN. The whole loan of New York, of one million of dollars, was taken at Albany on the 31st, at 112¼ to 116, mostly 113¼. Double the amount required for the loan was bid, thus showing that money is still abundant.

☞ Col. Bissel, of Illinois, who has been at Berkely Springs, Va., for his health, is said to be dangerously ill. His life is despaired of.

AN ABOLITION OUTRAGE.

The Cleaveland Herald, (Ohio) of the 29th, contains the following:

"We are no apologist for slavery, but at the same time we despise rowdyism and blackguardism when used by fanatics in their rash and illegal efforts to carry out their mistaken notions of philanthropy.

Yesterday, when the cars arrived at Salem, in Columbia county, from Pittsburg, a crowd had gathered at the depot, a despatch from Pittsburg having informed them that a slave girl was on board under charge of her master and mistress. When the cars stopped a big negro stepped into them, and, accosting the girl, asked her if she was a slave. She made no reply, but her mistress answered that she was. Thereupon the black ruffian seized her, and she, clinging to her mistress's neck, begged most piteously not to be torn away; but the black fellow violently tore her away, and the effort bruised the lady's neck severely, and carried the child out of the cars on one arm, and flourished a revolver in the other hand, amid the plaudits of the excited crowd.

The master of the child was not just than in the car, and upon hearing of the rescue, offered to go before any officer and execulte free papers if the girl wished to be free, leaving the matter to the girl. But the mob would listen to no such thing. The child's screams were heard above the tumult, begging to go back, so that she could again see her mother, who belongs to the same owner.

The life of the owner was threatened, and he dare not remain over, but went on in the cars to carry grief to the mother of the girl.

This is an outrage, and the people of Columbiana owe it to themselves to wipe out this stain.

That long-haired, brainless C. C. Burleigh was on hand, and made a harangue to the crowd."

We verily believe that the worst spirit now out of perdition, is the spirit of Abolitionism. It is a compound of ignorance, bigotry, envy, hatred and all uncharitableness. It professes to know even better than the slave does what is best for his own good, for in this case, as in others, the slave was torn weeping from the owner and *forced* into freedom!

We are satisfied that Abolitionism is gaining strength. All the evidences we see are that way. Outrages like the above are by no means rare. But a short time since it required the power and presence of a portion of the army and navy of the country, and an expenditure of thirty thousand dollars, to restore, out of the *law-abiding* City of Boston, one fugitive to his master; and it is a fact, that the people of the slaveholding States are villified and abused on the stump, in the Colleges and public assemblies, and in the newspapers of the free States with as much bitterness—aye, savage bitterness as if they were engaged—not in holding slaves and treating them kindly—*but in the African slave-trade itself.*

When it was announced that the Nebraska bill had passed—a bill establishing equal justice under the Constitution between the North and the South in the common territories—the bells in many of the villages in New England were tolled and buildings were craped, in testimony of the feeling of the people there. The agitation, as Mr. Calhoun said, "*goes to its end.*"

A VOICE FROM THE WEST.

A Democrat (says the Richmond Enquirer) writing to us from Indiana, says: "It is a settled opinion of the patriotic Democracy here that there are now only two parties, the Democratic and the Nothern Abolitionists, the latter composed of Radical Temperance men (those in favor of the Maine liquor law) Know-Nothings, and the Anti-Nebraskaites. These are all combined together to assail and overthrow the Democracy of this State, and to my sorrow I must state that I believe that they will give the Democracy a tight battle. The pulpit of the Episcopal Church is desecrated to political discussion. The ministers of that Church have laid aside preaching the gospel, and walked into the arena of the present contest. I have heard some of the most able Ministers say that the "Nebraska bill was unrighteous, unholy, unconstitutional and a damnable law, and a law against God," and farther, "that they believed that all the supporters and advocates of the bill were sure of the punishments of an offended God, and that their souls would be launched to the eternal confines of a dark-seated hell. You probably can draw an inference from these signs, how the political affairs of this State stand at present."

As a general rule the Democrats of the free States are still standing firmly by the principle of the Nebraska bill, and on the platform of the last national Convention. But there are exceptions, and signs of disorganization especially in Maine, New Hampshire, Indiana and Ohio. The Whig party, utterly unsound as it is in every part in the free States on the slavery question, is bringing to its aid every ism which promises to be of service to it in the coming struggle. Abolition Whiggery — Greelyism — Maine-lawism, Anti-Nebraskaism, Know Nothingism—these constitute the elements out of which and by which the once great Whig party of the free States is seeking profit and power! It will require all the energy and power of the national Democracy to meet and overcome these combinations.

HENRY CLAY ON FUSION. "But if it, (the Whig party) is to be merged inio a contemptible abolition party, and if abolitionism is to be engrafted upon the Whig creed, from that moment I renounce the party and cease to be a Whig. I go yet a step farther. If I am alive, I will give my humble support to that man for the Presidency, who, to whatever party he may belong, is not contaminated by fanaticism, rather than to one who, crying out all the time that he is a Whig, maintains doctrines utterly subversive of the Constitution and the Union."

If Henry Clay were living now, he would be as strongly opposed to the fusion going on between Whiggery and Know-Nothingism. Whatever his faults were, he scorned indirection and concealed movements. *He* labored to render the Whig party a party of principle; and were he now permitted to look upon it, he would not own it for the same party which he made and headed.

COAL IN THE OHIO. Gathering coal in the bed of the Ohio river, on the bars oppsite Cincinnati, is just now a profitable business for a large number of men and boys, who have quite a fleet of wood boats and skiffs employed. The *Gazette* says the bars that are now yielding so well have for years been covered with sand until this season. The floods of last winter bared the treasure. Men are said to be making $10 per day taking out bolders—quite as much as is made on the California placers. The Ohio is lower this season than it has ever been before within the memory of the "oldest inhaoitant."

☞ We learn that Thos. Ruffin, Jr., Esq., has been appointed by Judge Bailey, Solicitor for the Orange Judicial Circuit, in place of Cad. Jones, Jr., Esq., resigned. Mr. Jones discharged the duties of the office impartially and with much acceptance to the public. He has a worthy successor in Mr. Ruffin. The next Legislature will make an election to fill the office.

The Petersburg Democrat says that the little squad of know nothings in that city are in a galloping consumption. They are rapidly sinking. The ingenuity of their leaders has been sorely taxed to keep them above water thus far. Every contrivance having failed, we learn that they are daily growing "smaller by degrees and beautifully less."

SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

A friend has called our attention, by the following calculation, to the vote of this District. All the Counties have done well, but "old Lincoln" remarkably well. The Democrats of that region are emphatically *working men*, never falling back, but making additions to their vote at every succeeding election.

	Bragg's maj.	For the Standard. Dockery's maj.
Anson,		647
Cabarrus,		247
Cleaveland	649	
Lincoln, Gaston and Catawba,	1377	
Mecklenburg,	371	
Rowan,		53
Stanly,		779
		1696
Union,	257	
	2654	
	1696	
Bragg' maj.	958	

Increase on Reid's majority in 1852, 121 votes.
Increase on Scott's maj. in 1852, 1170 votes.
Joint vote of Reid and Kerr, 1852, 11,151.
Joint vote of Bragg and Dockery, 1854, 12,143.
Increased vote of the District, 992.

This is the largest vote ever polled in the above Counties. There were no side issues. The battle was fought on principle, and the humbug Distribution is dead in the 7th District.

LINCOLN.

FUNERAL OF THE VICTIMS OF THE TORNADO. *Louisville, Aug.* 29. Agreeably to the proclamation of Mayor Speed, all business was suspended throughout the City and the bells tolled, the day being observed as a day of mourning for the victims of the awful tornado of Sunday.

The bells were tolled and the funeral service of the unfortunate victims was preached at Dr. Breckenridge's church, where an immense concourse was gathered to hear Dr. Morrison, the pastor of the demolished church. He said the door was blown open and the house filled with dust. In an instant, the destruction was complete. The Doctrr was in the pulpit at the time of the catastrophe, and escaped uninjured. The scene was one of melancholy interest.

[SECOND DESPATCH.]

LOUISVILLE, AUG. 29. The papers of this morning contain full details of the tornado on Sunday, and of the funeral ceremonies yesterday.

The city yesterday presented a solemn spectacle. Business was in a great degree, suspended, and the bells were all tolled for several hours in the middle of the day. At an early hour in the afternoon the First Presbyterian Church, where the funeral services of most of the deceased were held, was densely crowded. The bodies of the dead were placed upon a platform in the tower, and the exercises were conducted by several clergymen. The spacious yard was also crowded with spectators, who were unable to obtain an entrance.

At the opening of the service, the Rev. Mr. Morrison, who officiated at the ill fated church at the time of the catastrophe, made a few remarks. He stated that on the Sabbath afternoon so disastrous to life, he had been requested to preach, but it was not generally known among the congregation that there would be divine service—hence the small number that were assembled. Upon the next Sunday it was expected that the pastor recently invited would be installed.

When the storm came up the main door of the basement room was blown open, and an elder rose and closed it. Again the door was forced open, and again closed, a third time the violence of the wind blew the door open, notwithstanding the elder was pressing against it at the time. Instantly the house was filled with particles of sand. The speaker had his eyes filled with fine dust. This caused some stir in the assembly, and most of the persons rose to their feet, some jumping out of the windows near where they were sitting.

Mr. Morrison said he had not time to recover from the effects of the gust of wind that struck him with particular fury, before a cracking sound reverberated over head, and in a moment of time after the tempest blew open the door with such violence, filling the room with sand, the whole walls had fallen in. Immediately about the pulpit where he was standing the plastering was not broken, and to his right several old ladies escaped unhurt.

Mr. Morrisen expressed himself as having been greatly shocked by the suddenness of the calamity, and when he fairly recovered from the blindness caused by the ascending dust, &c., a most terrible sight presented itself before him. He saw two men already dead, the head of another greatly mangled, just appearing among the rubbish, a lady clasping her child in the agony of death, and a young lady with her body bent across one of the seats and her face most horribly distorted. From different parts of the building he could hear the groans of the dying, and the stifled screams of the crushed.

Of those injnred, only one, Mrs. Marshall, has yet expired. Mrs. Duff is in a very precarious condition. Mrs. Marshall, wife of Wm. Marshall, is not expected to recover.

Capt. Greenhow, of the Steamer Memphis, which boat was badly damaged, thus describes the tornado. He was on his boat, on the forecastle, when the first blast of the hurricane struck her. He saw the block of houses of Mr. Beatty crumble to the ground, and before he could utter a warning cry to those around, the storm was upon them.

He clasped his arms around the stauncheon, to hold himself, and in an instant he heard a rushing sound over his head, and a noise like the cracks of an immense wagon whip, and saw the greater portion of his cabin roof, and the entire Texas railing fly over his head and alight in the river fifty or sixty yards ahead of him. A moment after the ponderous hull of the boat received a tremendous blow, as it were, and was whirled from its morings over to a reef of rocks, in about the space of time it requires to draw breath.

GENIUS, TALENT AND CLEVERNESS. Genius rushes like a whirlwind, talent marches like a cavalcade of heavy men and heavy horses, cleverness skims like a swallow in the Summer evening with a sharp, shrill note and a sudden turning. The man of genius dwells with men and with nature; the man of talent in his study; but the clever man dances here, there and every where, like a butterfly in a hurricane, striking everything and enjoying nothing, but too light to be dashed to pieces. The man of talent will attack theories, the clever man will assail the individual and slander private character. The man of genius despises both; he heeds none, he fears none, he lives in himself, shrouded in the consciousness of his own strength; he interferes with none, and walks forth an example that "eagles fly alone, they are but sheep that herd together." It is true, that should a poisonous worm cross his path, he may tread it under foot, should a cur snarl at him, he may chastise him; but he will not, cannot attack the privacy of another. Clever men write verses, men of talent write prose, but the man of genius writes poetry.

Hazlitt.

APPROACHING ELECTIONS. The election in Vermont for State officers and Legislature and three Representatives to Congress will take place on Tuesday next, the 15th of September. The election in Maine for six Representatives in Congress, State officers, and Legislature will take place on the following Monday, the 11th of September. Vermont, though a Whig State, has at present a Democratic Governor, while Maine, a Democratic State, has a Whig Governor.

Hon. J. C. Dobbin, Secretary of the Navy, while on a visit to his native State of North Carolina, has been warmly welcomed by all hands and by all parties. Probably no man has been enabled to pass through a career of more usefulness to his State and to his country, with less of antagonism, and with more applause. We observe that Mr. Dobbin declined all public entertainments.

Wash. Union.

Hon. J. Glancy Jones, who voted *for* the Nebraska bill, has been nominated for re-election by the democratic convention of Berks county, Pennsylvania, by acclamation. He will be re-elected in that Gibraltar of democracy, of course.

N. Y. Journal of Commerce.

ARRIVAL OF THE WASHINGTON.

The Queen's Speech, &c.

NEW YORK, Aug. 31. The steamer Washington from Havre and Southampton, arrived at 12 o'clock this morning. Her news is superseded by the Europa but she brings some interesting details not forwarded from Halifax.

THE QUEEN'S SPEECH. Parliament was prorogued on the 12th by the Queen in person. She was received along the whole route by the most enthusiastic cheers. The following is the substance of her speech:

After returning thanks for the zeal and energy shown by Parliament in providing means for the vigorous prosecution of the war, she said:

In cordial co-operation with the Emperor of the French, my efforts will be directed to the effectual repression of that ambitious and aggressive spirit on the part of Russia which has compelled us to take up arms in defence of an alley and to secure the future tranquility of Europe. You will join with me in admiration of the courage and perseverance manifested by the troops of the Sultan in defence of Silistria, and in various military operations on the Danube.

The rest of the speech is quite local in character, and matters connected with the war prevented the consideration of subjects promised to be brought forward at the opening of the session.

NAVAL AFFAIRS. Dates from Hong Kong to the 22d of June state that the U. S. steamer John Hancock, sloops of war J. P. Kennedy and Vincennes, brig Porpoise, schr. J. Fennimore Cooper, were in harbor at Hong Kong. At Canton, the U. S. steamer Queen, and at Shanghae, the sloop Plymouth. No mention was made of the Japan Squadron.

ENGLAND. The cholera was making steady progress at London; amongst the deaths is that of Lord Jocelyn, son in law of Lord Palmerston.

The London Times continues to censure the Greytown affair in strong terms. It also denounces the President's message to the Senate on the Spanish question.

FRANCE. It is said that on the occassion of the fete of St. Napoloon, twenty-five hundred and eighty-two pardons or reductions of punishments were granted.

SPAIN. A riot had occurred at Tortosa. The rioters assembled with cries of "viva Espartero!" "viva the Constitution!" "viva Cabera!" and then rushed to the City Hall to demand the abolition of taxes. Finding there only the Secretary, they beat him to death with sticks, tore out his heart, cut off his head, and flung his body into the river, with all the public records. The Governor of the city was panic-stricken and did nothing, but Don Franquet, the newly appointed Governor of Valencia, armed the citizens, and took a number of the rioters prisoners.

The disturbance at Barcelona on the 6th, originated thus:—A battallion was on parade at Sarria, near Barcelona, when the people called to the band to perform "Riega's Hymn." A soldier in the ranks called out in reply, "Viva Espartero," on which the commandant drew his sword, and ran him through the body. The soldiers immediately turned upon the officers, and killed several, including the commandant. Other troops joined in the excitement, and disorder prevailed. The details are kept secret, but there was considerable fighting among the soldiery, and between the troops and the people. Quiet was restored by the efforts of Gen. Concha. The battalion was threatened with decimation, but was afterwards disbanded, and two or three of the ringleaders shot.

Numerous reports are current respecting the intentions of France. It is stated that Napoleon will not interfere in the present aspect of affairs, but objects equally to a Republic or Carlist dynasty in Spain.

The London Globe says the French Ambassadors at Madrid are ardered to protest energetically against violence to any member of the Royal family, or any attack on the monarchical principle, but otherwise not to interfere.

PORTUGAL. Lisbon letters say that the Portuguese Government energetically disavows all idea of a fusion between Portugal and Spain, and expresses regret that the name of the King should be used in the project.

ITALY. Cholera was slightly subsiding at Genoa, but there were still 70 deaths daily.

At Turin, it was not severe, but at Naples, it was very violent.

A decree, dated Palermo, 27th July, threatens death by Court Martial, to any one evading the senitary cordon around the Neapoliton coasts.

Prince Aci, Gen. Murat, M. Longobardi, Minister, and Chevalier Vanotti, Portuguese Consul, had died. The total deaths during the week amounted to about 8,000.

CONCORD, N. H., Aug. 31. The Free Soil and Fusion convention assembled yesterday at Walboro. There were about 25,000 persons present, embracing all shades of politics. The Hon. J. Chadborn Goodwin presided, and speeches were made by the president, Amos Tuck, James Bell, J. P. Hale, and J. P. Chase. The tenor of the speeches was encouraging to the fusion of all political creeds in the formation of a great Northern party opposed to slavery extension. The Nebraska-Kansas bill was severely condemned. No resolutions were offered.

CINCINNATI, August 29. Advices received here from Tennessee, Alabama and Georgia, speak favorably of the corn crop, and throughout most of the Western States there have been refreshing rains, which have greatly improved the condition of the crops. The indications now are, that, taking the country through, the yield will not be below a fair average.

NEW ORLEANS, August 29. The intelligence from the Rio Grande represents the insurgents as having had a succession of victories over the government troops, and as being in full possession of the whole of Tamaulipas, except Tampico and Matamoras, which it was thought they would ultimately be able to secure also. Caravajal is again in the field, and is more than a match for the weak and dissipated government troops.

WHEELING, Sept. 1. There are seventeen inches of water in the channel of the river at this point. At Pittsburg, fifteen inches.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 30. Weather warm and business generally quiet. Cotton is dull and declining under the European advices.

There is some fever and cholera, but mostly confined to strangers.

CHARLESTON, Aug. 31. The fever is abating. Business dull. Cotton declining.

BOSTON, August 31. The Know-Nothings Pic-Nic, from four to five thousand strong, assembled at Georgetown yesterday. Speeches congratulatory on the growing importance of the party were delivered.

A letter from New York, published in the Union, commences with a doleful complaint of the condition of things in the commercial metropolis, and asks, "What are we coming to? or, rather, where are we going to? The shipments of specie this week to England and the continent amount to $1,300,000; the drought is killing off the corn and potatoes; money is scarce, and stocks are falling; the newspapers are filled with elopements, casualties and conflagrations; the Brooklyn ferry has raised the fair to two cents. Lawyer Whiting swears that the legal is as respectable as any other profession; the teetotalers are abandoning the banner of temperance for the black flag of abolitionism; everybody are becoming know nothings; the religious, political, financial, commercial and social world are sadly out of joint; and to add to our future sufferings, Baron Hacket insists on having five dollars a ticket to hear the Grisi." This last distress, we suppose, "caps the climax."

DRY WEATHER SIXTY YEARS AGO. In O'Reilley's History of Western New York, Dr. Coventry, who settled in 1790 with his family at the outlet of Seneca Lake, funishes a sketch of the season and the health of this region for a series of years. He says that "in 1795 no rain fell either in June or July; the water in the lakes lowered more than a foot, the heavens seemed on fire, the earth scorched, and the air saturated with pestilence." In 1816, the cold year, the season was very healthful.

Wash. Union.

A Kentuckian says the Whig party is an institution kept up by the Democrats to win bets.

OFFICIAL VOTE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

We give below the official vote of the State for Reid and Kerr, Pierce and Scott, and Bragg and Dockery. The vote is given as obtained from the office of the Secretary of State; and may relied upon.

The Counties of Alamance, Catawba, Forsythe, Gaston, Jackson, Madison, McDowell, Union, Watauga, and Yadkin, which heretofore voted with the Counties from which they were respectively formed, will vote now and for the future separately.

	1852. Reid.	1852. Kerr.	1852. Pierce.	1852. Scott.	1854. Bragg.	1854. Dockery.
Alamance,					696	597
Alexander,	280	361	98	219	235	441
Anson,	818	1088	369	992	255	902
Ashe,	916	551	396	558	550	871
Burke,	489	1216	389	761	338	751
Buncombe,	684	946	376	557	562	775
Bladen,	631	358	589	371	520	436
Bertie,	420	527	444	498	416	490
Beaufort,	854	847	574	910	572	901
Brunswick,	271	343	301	359	435	416
Cabarrus,	441	714	371	649	425	694
Catawba,					739	310
Craven,	698	397	694	583	638	599
Cumberland,	1388	788	1488	811	1473	904
Chowan,	228	249	219	225	283	345
Columbus,	443	198	357	178	513	304
Camden,	123	488	107	503	125	461
Carteret,	393	411	388	414	399	408
Cherokee,	551	540	290	584	427	684
Caswell,	1018	270	931	226	1007	220
Chatham,	980	995	725	1008	1017	1137
Caldwell,	196	600	146	493	219	620
Currituck,	608	178	490	134	544	158
Cleaveland,	870	805	494	211	978	836
Davidson,	746	951	497	1019	679	1292
Davie,	345	490	259	414	304	610
Duplin,	1079	190	930	186	1061	225
Edgecombe,	1425	104	1454	89	1404	155
Forsythe,					897	802
Franklin,	721	341	704	368	713	389
Gaston,					808	138
Granville,	1062	1005	945	991	1078	995
Guilford,	480	1524	345	1552	528	1615
Greene,	361	347	326	325	358	351
Gates,	406	363	368	368	422	351
Haywood,	551	368	302	314	345	350
Halifax,	541	551	424	497	584	551
Hertford,	246	360	236	290	237	306
Hyde,	408	268	227	335	303	397
Henderson,	340	762	210	498	248	667
Iredell,	393	1035	280	909	393	1256
Jackson,					366	255
Jones,	240	214	201	191	230	229
Johnston,	888	788	870	708	936	744
Lenoir,	459	267	397	282	394	274
Lincoln,	1934	680	1418	621	573	296
Madison,	168	278			428	311
Martin,	676	260	580	567	696	299
McDowell,					217	674
Moore,	646	615	484	546	605	753
Montgomery,	209	706	132	620	145	741
Macon,	432	451	240	309	229	890
Mecklenburg,	1421	721	1115	680	1022	653
Nash,	1080	84	1030	88	1115	95
New Hanover,	1342	350	1400	383	1109	424
Northampton,	586	504	530	455	641	490
Onslow,	696	167	597	175	596	238
Orange,	1796	1528	1307	1441	963	1080
Pasquotank,	247	453	316	539	331	496
Perquimans,	312	347	270	324	343	334
Pitt,	649	636	602	679	735	708
Person,	550	341	471	263	601	381
Robeson,	760	693	732	660	782	679
Rockingham,	1072	356	823	342	1086	310
Rowan,	712	776	672	836	932	976
Rutherford,	590	1106	501	761	621	1019
Randolph,	439	1279	277	1086	403	1378
Richmond,	194	624	146	678	113	708
Sampson,	905	509	867	604	860	599
Surry,	1376	1206	987	1046	797	464
Stokes,	1481	1132	1287	1081	636	437
Stanly,	80	896	58	714	95	874
Tyrrell,	114	282	87	286	109	275
Union,					729	472
Wake,	1561	1102	1357	1033	1541	1170
Warren,	697	162	691	167	754	168
Washington,	297	247	310	302	345	388
Watauga,					157	428
Wayne,	1196	283	1067	286	1145	304
Wilkes,	393	1345	242	1073	825	1261
Yadkin,					650	758
Yancy,	694	336	357	236	689	349
	48,568	42,993	39,744	39,038	48,705	46,620
	42,993		39,058		46,620	
	5,575		686		2,085	

MARRIED,

In Davidson county, on the 23d August, by the Rev. A. Efert, Mr. John McPrim, of Virginia, to Miss Celia Ann Gallimore, daughter of J. Gallimore, Esq., of Davidson county.

THE MARKETS.

NORFOLK MARKET.

REPORTED FOR THE "NORTH-CAROLINA STANDARD,"
By A. M. M'PHEETERS & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers, Forwarding & Commission Merchants.

NORFOLK, Sept. 2, 1854.

CORN—Arriving slowly. Sales on yesterday at 83 @ 85c. for white and yellow.

FLOUR—Quiek at $9½ @ $9¾ for S. F.; Extra $10 @ 10¼; Family $10¾.

STAVES—Very few coming in. Sales of R. O. hhd. at $36; W. O. hhd. $43; W. O. pipe $55 @ $57.

SUGARS of all kinds have advanced from ¼ to 1c. ₱ lb.

MOLASSES—An advance of 2 @ 3c. per gallon.

COFFEE—Very firm at 11 @ 11¾c. for Rio; 11¾ @ 12c for Laguira.

LIME—Thomaston $1,20; W. C. $1,30—scarce.

GUANO—Plenty.

We have to note a better feeling in Groceries of every description.

PETERSBURG MARKET.

SEPTEMBER 2.

TOBACCO—Breaks small. No change to notice in prices.

COTTON—9¼ cts. nominal.

WHEAT—The receipts continue large and prices without change to-day. Prime white $1,87, and red $1,65 to $1,70. Common and fair lots $1,25 to $1,50.

CORN—Market active at 77½ to 80c.

BACON—Sides 8¼ to 8¾; Shoulders 7¼ to 7¼; Hams 11¼—hog round 9¼ to 9¾.

FLOUR—Extra superfine $9¼; family $10 to $10¼.

GUANO—$55 for Peruvian and $35 for Mexican.

HAY—Sales from store $1¼.

APPLE BRANDY—Sales of new at 70c. *Express.*

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.

SEPTEMBER 2.

Trade has been tolerably brisk during the last week.

FLOUR has advanced, and demand good. No material change in prices.

The market is better supplied with beef, mutton, chickens, &c., and prices remain good. *Carolinian.*

State of North Carolina.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE,
29th August, 1854.

SEALED proposals for furnishing the fuel necessary for the ensuing General Assembly, and the public officers, the next winter, will be received at this office until the 16th of next month. To be of good sound Oak or Hickory by the Cord, to be cut in suitable lengths for the different fire-places after delivery on the public square.

September 5, 1854. 82—1t.

NOTICE.—Having qualified as Executrix to the last will and testament of Alpheus Jones, deceased, I hereby notify all persons indebted to said estate to come forward and make payment, and those having claims against said estate to present them properly authenticated within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. E. T. JONES, Ex'x.

Aug. 29th, 1854. 82—3t.

NOTICE.—I hereby appoint Needham Price my lawful agent to transact my business as Executrix to the last will and testament of Alpheus Jones, deceased.

Aug. 29, 1854. E. T. JONES.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE IN PLYMOUTH, N. C.—The undersigned being desirous of engaging in some other business will sell at private sale his HOTEL and all the furniture thereto belonging, together with Four Lots attached thereto in the town of Plymouth. The advantages of the location are very great, and to persons wishing to purchase, the inducements will be found superior to any others offered in any other town in the State.

The undersigned will sell at the same time, if desired, five negroes—two men and three women—all of whom are good servants. JOHN H. HAMPTON.

Sept. 1, 1854. 82—w6m.

AGRICULTURAL FAIR.—THE EXECUTIVE Committee of the Union Agricultural Society of Virginia and North Carolina have the pleasure of announcing to the public that the first Fair of the Society will be held at the City of Petersburg on the 24th, 25th, 26th and 27th of October next. The premiums amount, in the aggregate, to five thousand dollars. Ample accommodations will be prepared for stock and other articles for exhibition, and exhibitors are respectfully solicited to attend. Nearly all the Rail Road Companies will transport the various articles, and the members of the Society without charge: and in these cases where any charge is made, it will only be upon members whose fare will be reduced to half price.

Petersburg, Sept. 1, 1854. 82—1d.

PUBLIC MEETING.

A MEETING OF THE CITIZENS OF RALEIGH will be held in the Town Hall on Tuesday, the 12th instant, at 5 o'clock, P. M. to make arrangements for the accommodation of visitors to the State Agricultural Fair, in October next.

WM. DALLAS HAYWOOD,
Intendant.

Sept. 4, 1854. 82—1d.

GOLDSBOROUGH STEAM GRIST, AND FLOURING MILLS.—THE SUBSCRIBER has enlarged his establishment in Goldsboro', and is now prepared to grind Wheat as well as Corn, on a more extensive scale. One Hundred and Fifty Thousand Bushels of Wheat and Corn will be required to keep the mills in operation for the current year, for which the highest market price will be paid. The farmers of this county and the counties along the line of the N. C. Rail Road and the interior, will find it to their advantage to call on or address me at the Mills before selling, and thus build up a market in this State for their Wheat and a manufactory of our own flour.

Constantly on hand a fresh supply of superfine Family Flour, Meal, Hominy, Horse feed, Cracked Corn and Husk. Also, Lime and Hair. Wheat and Corn ground on toll.

Mr. Lynn Adams, of Raleigh, is authorized to purchase Wheat for the above mills.

D. L. BURBANK.

Goldsboro', September 5, 1854. 1038—wtf.

Register copy.

$100 REWARD.—RANAWAY FROM THE subscriber on the 15th inst., his negro man JOE, a bright mulatto, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, weighs about 175 pounds, stutters especially when excited, and has kinky hair and light blue eyes. He will attempt to pass himself as a white man—he has done so once by cutting his hair and wearing a wig. He has a down cast countenance when spoken to. He is a Gin maker by trade and can do very good Cabinet work. He left with the determination of going to Raleigh, N. C. I will give one hundred dollars for his apprehension and delivery to me in Greenville, Ga., or fifty dollars if confined in some jail so that I can get him. He sometimes calls himself Joe Hill or Hilliard. I purchased him of Mr. McCarson of Burke County, N. C. He may have gone either to Burke, Buncombe or Henderson.

JOHN S. GRANT.

Greenville, Ga., Aug. 24, 1854. 1033—wtf.

Letter from Mr. Harding.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24, 1854.

WM. H. WILLIAMS—*Dear Sir*: Upon examination of purchasers already made for Fall and Winter Trade, I find the assortment more than usually attractive. We shall introduce a variety of new styles of Coats, Pants and Vests—the handsomest selection ever exhibited.

Our importations of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings are n

MAIL ARRANGEMENTS AT RALEIGH.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad and Stage Lines at and from Raleigh.

NORTHERN MAIL,—(By Railroad,)—
Leaves daily ..... at 7½ a. m.
Arrives daily ..... at 6½ p. m.
(Mail closes at 6½ a. m.)

SOUTHERN MAIL,—(By Two-horse Hack,)—
Leaves daily ..... at 7½ a. m.
Arrives daily ..... at 3 p. m.
(Mail closes at 6½ a. m.)

WESTERN MAIL,—(By Four-horse Coaches,)—
Leaves daily ..... at 8 a. m.
Arrives daily ..... at 2½ p. m.
(Mail closes at 8 a. m.)

PITTSBOROUGH MAIL,—(By Two-horse Hack,)—
Leaves Sunday and Wednesday ..... at 5 a. m.
Arrives Monday and Thursday ..... at 7 p. m.
(Mail closes Tuesdays and Saturdays at 9 p. m.)

GOLDSBOROUGH MAIL,—(By Four-horse Coach.)—
Leaves daily, (except Sunday,) ..... at 7 a. m.
Arrives daily, (except Monday,) ..... at 11 p. m.
(Mail closes at 7 p. m.)

TARBOROUGH MAIL,—(By Two-horse Hack,)—
Leaves Monday, Wednesday and Friday, ... at 5 a. m.
Arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, ... at 7 p. m.
(Mail closes Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday at 9 p. m.)

HOXBOROUGH MAIL,—(By Horse,)—
Leaves Friday, ... at 12 m.
Arrives Friday ..... at 9 a. m.
(Mail closes Friday at 12 m.)

ENGINEERING.

THE UNDERSIGNED IS PREPARED TO FURNISH plans, specifications, and estimates, and to contract for TEAM ENGINES and BOILERS, SAW AND GRIST MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, HOISTING, AND PUMPING ENGINES, TOBACCO PRESSES AND SCREWS, AND

Machinery of Every Description.

Being a practical Machinist, and having had seven years experience in North Carolina, I am fully aware of the wants of the people, and I can safely say that my facilities for furnishing good Machinery at fair prices are unsurpassed. I will pay particular attention to putting up any machinery in any part of the States of North and South Carolina.

Agent for McClintock's patent Safety Valve, and Scott's patent Brick Machine, &c. &c.

☞ All letters to receive attention must be post-paid.

HENRY G. BRUCE,
Consulting Engineer,
Raleigh, N. C.

Texas Real Estate Brokerage,
COLLECTING AND LAND AGENCY.
RAYMOND, FREEMAN & CO.,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
City of Austin, Texas.

D. C. FREEMAN, JR. N. C. RAYMOND. G. R. FREEMAN

HOMES IN TEXAS, AND SAFE INVESTMENTS obtained through this Agency.

Fidelity to the interests of non-residents.

Registers of land for sale, in all parts of the State; full exhibits of title and accurate descriptions, also registers of town and city lots.

Lands located, bought and sold.

Claims against the State or individuals collected and adjusted, and remittances made by exchange on New Orleans, or any of the northern cities, if desired.

A thorough and intimate knowledge of the country, and the land system, insures superior locations and the best titles.

Strangers looking at Texas may always have some leading items and useful hints at the office of this Agency.

Registers open for examination.

☞ Office in Congress Avenue.

May 20, 1854. 54—1y.

NOTICE THIS!—WE OFFER FOR SALE, IN tracts to suit purchasers, the following valuable lands in TEXAS:

606	acres	on waters of	Bull Creek, Travis Co.
320	"	"	Cedar Creek, Bastrop Co.
1280	"	"	Trinity, Leon county.
5848	"	"	Yegua, Burleson and Washington counties,
1280	"	"	Davidson's creek, Burleson Co.
300	"	"	South Bosque, McClennan.
320	"	"	Williamson's Creek, Travis Co.
149	"	"	Onion creek, (improved) Travis county.
1195	"	"	Colorado river, Burnett.
758	"	"	near Austin—improved.
320	"	"	Wresler's creek, Bell co.
1600	"	"	San Gabriel, Burnet co.
513	"	"	" near Georgetown, (improved) Williamson co.
640	"	"	Liveoak creek, Bell co.
640	"	"	Paluxy, McClennan co.
4782	"	"	Sandies, Colorado co.
2214	"	"	Brazos river, Falls co.
640	"	"	Cypress creek, Hays co.
1956	"	"	Wilbarger's creek, Travis.
247	"	"	Gilleland's creek, Travis county —improved.
2360	"	"	Little river, Bell co.
10346	"	"	" " Milam co.
1942	"	"	" " Falls co.
3718	"	"	Brazos river, Brazoria co.
4428	"	"	Walnut creek, Bastrop.
4428	"	"	Angelina, Rusk co.
177	"	"	Bernard, Brazoria co.
2214	"	"	Brazos, Milam co.
4428	"	"	Angelina, Rusk co.
785	"	"	Buckner's creek, Fayette.
640	"	"	Guadalupe river, Bexar.
5760	"	"	Leona, Bexar co.
546	"	"	Frio, Bexar co.
4800	"	"	Pierdenales, Gillespie co.
1070	"	"	La Vaca, Lavaca co.
1107	"	"	Carancahua bayou, Jackson co.
2214	"	"	Old Caney, Brazoria co.
2952	"	"	Sandy, Burnett co.

We also offer for sale the following town and city property:

2½ acres in town and out-lots in Caldwell, Burleson county.
5 acres, part of out-lot 72, in Div. D., City of Austin.
10 do do. do. improved.
In the City of Austin.

Lots 22 and 23, Div. E.; 79, 80, 82, and 83, Div. D.; 1 and 2, bl'k 115; 7, 8, and 9, bl'k 108; 2, 3, and 10, bl'k 149; 5 and 6, bl'k 127.

☞ Full exhibits of title on file, and registers open for examination.

RAYMOND, FREEMAN & CO.,
{ Real Estate Brokers, Collecting
{ and Land Agents, Austin.

July 22, 1854. 73—tf.

JEWELRY AND FANCY GOODS—CHEAPER THAN EVER!! The Subscribers take great pleasure in informing the citizens of Raleigh and vicinity, that they have just received an entirely new stock of all the articles in their line.

Thankful for the liberal patronage already received, they will do all in their power to deserve a continuance of the same.

Their present stock consists in part of

JEWELRY—Gold Earrings, Breastpins, Cuffpins, Fingerrings, Sleevebuttons, Bracelets, Lockets, Fob and Guard Chains, Pencils, Pens, Watches, &c., &c.

FANCY GOODS, &c.,—Berlin and French Caskets, Furnish Leather Reticules of all sizes, Paper mache Workboxes, Spanish and French Fans from 50 cents to $7 00, Portmonies of Leather, Velvet and Pearl, French Cigar cases, Pocket books, Wostenholm's celebrated Cutlery, Dressing and Pocket Combs of Ivory, Buffalo India Rubber and round Combs, Puff, Tucking and side Combs, Faber's pencils, French flowerwares of all descriptions, Fancy cups and saucers, from 40 cents to $3, Gothic 1 and 8 day Clocks, German silver Castors, wax, kid, crying and India Rubber dolls of all sizes, Looking Glasses from 5 cents to $2 50.

All kinds of Perfumery and Toilet requisites.

China and Glassware of various descriptions, &c.

CONFECTIONARY, &c.—Common and French Candies, Pickles, Preserves, Brandy Fruit, Prunes, Raisins, Currants, Citron, Nuts, Wines, Vinegar, Porter, Ale, Cordials, Bitters, Schiedam Schnaps, &c., &c. F. MAHLER & CO.

Raleigh, April 10, 1854. 42—

A Few Remarks!

June 15, 1854.

E. L. HARDING HAS MADE VERY RECENTLY large accessions to his STOCK, and can now certainly supply all those who are in need of well made SUMMER CLOTHING. He has on hand one hundred Lustre Alpacca Sacks, with Silk Velvet Collars; one hundred do. made in Dress Frock style; seventy-five French Drab d'Etea Frocks, Velvet Collars; fifty Crape Cambiet Sacks and Frocks; one hundred French Linen Sacks; seventy-five Brown Duck Linen Frocks, cut in Dress Frock style, very handsome; White Grass and Gingham Sacks, in any quantity; also, a very full assortment of White and Colored Marseilles Vests; Black and Fancy Silk do.; twenty-five dozen Gauze, Merino and Lisle Thread Under-Shirts. For bargains in superior Ready-Made Clothing, always bear in mind that HARDINGS is the place. E. L. HARDING.

*** Register and Weekly Post copy. 62—

NEW FLOURING MILL.—THE SUBSCRIBER'S NEW FLOURING MILL is now in successful operation, and he is turning out a very superior article of flour. He is now ready for custom, which he respectfully solicits. The best cash prices paid for wheat.

My Mills are situated within about two miles of Raleigh, on Walnut Creek.

W. F. COLLINS.

Sept. 27, 1853. 90—tf.

ED. GRAHAM HAYWOOD,
Counsellor and Attorney at Law,
RALEIGH, N. C.,

Will attend the County and Superior Courts of Wake, Johnston, Chatham and New Hanover. He is to be found at the office formerly occupied by the late Hon. Will. H. Haywood, Jr.

January 5, 1854. 16—w&sw6m.

SUPERIOR HAVANA SEGARS.—80,000 VERY superior Havana Segars.
100,000 Good German Segars.
50,000 Domestic Segars.
Just received and for sale by
DAIN, HATTON & CO.,
Portsmouth, Va.

July 18, 1854. 29—

AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY.—The subscriber has on hand the largest stock of Farming Implements to be found in the State, embracing horse powers which have taken the first premiums at the late Fair, held in Baltimore and this city; wheat Threshers, wheat Drills seed Sowers, corn Planters, Corn shellers of every kind, to shell from 300 to 1500 bushels per day, which are sold low, and warranted fully equal to any to be found in the Union; straw cutters for hand and horse power, hominy Mills, Grist mills capable of grinding 20 bushels of good meal per hour; Corn Cob Crushers, Vegetable Cutters, Fan mills, some of which have taken 54 premiums with several medals and certificates of their pre-eminence over all others; Harrows of every size and shape. Cultivators for one and two horses, with wrought and cast iron and reversable steel teeth, Cotton and Tobacco Cultivators, Plows of all patterns for one, two, three and four horses, as large and desirable an assortment as can be found in any house north or south, with 40 tons of Plow Castings to suit; ox Yokes, ox Bows, Yoke irons, Bow pins, whiffle Trees, Trase Chains, Ox and Log Chains, Axes, Grub hoes, wedges, Drag and Cultivator Teeth, spades, shovels, Forks, (some worth $6 each,) Garden Tools, hoes, Garden Plows and Cultivators, Chain Pumps, Cast Iron Pumps, Garden Engines, Post-hole Augers, Bull Rings, Ox Balls, Butter Churns, with every other desirable Implement for the Farm, to be found in any Agricultural House north or south, with many other desirable goods, viz: Bar Iron of all sizes for the farm, blacksmith, ship wright, carriage makers, &c. &c.; bellows, anvils, vices, stocks and dies, hand and sledge hammers, blast pipes, cart boxes, carriage axles and springs, cauldrons and other hollow castings, grindstones framed and not framed, with friction rollers for same, &c., with a large lot of superior green and black teas, cigars, white and colored carpet warp, hemp twine for sturgeon nets, wrought and cut nails, ship and boat spikes, with a great many other goods, which cannot be enumerated in an advertisement. All in want, are invited to call and supply themselves on the best terms.

S. MARCH.

Norfolk, Va., Dec. 15, 1853. 10—

NEW ARRIVAL OF SPRING GOODS AT THE BAZAAR!!—White, Buff, Brown, Mottled, Plaid, Striped and Planters' Linen Coats; White and Buff Grass Coats; Drab, Blue and Mottled Croton Coats; Black and Fancy Alapaca Coats; Plaid and Fancy Cassimere Coats; Black Summer Cloth and Cassimere Sacks, half Sacks and Frocks; Tweeds, Cashmeretts and Angolas Sacks; Planters' Linen, Plaid, White, Striped, Mottled, Linen, and Cassimere Pants in great variety. Sontag, Cassimere, Silk and Linen Vestings, Quiltings and Weltings Vestings, rich styles. A large assortment of Lawn and Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, Plain and Fancy Borders. Silk and Lisle Embroidered Cravats; Plain and Fancy Lawn Cravats; Fancy Silk Cravats. Alexander's and Chossin's White and Colored Kid Gloves; Black, Lisle and Linen Gloves; Washed Norway Gloves; Fine Doe Gloves; Black Colored Silk Gloves; Plaid and Striped Silk and Cotton Half Hose Gloves. We are weekly receiving large supplies selected from the most desirable styles in the market, which we warrant made equal to custom work in fit and finish.

Our furnishing Departraent comprises every new and fashionable article necessary for a regular outfit, which will be sold at the lowest market prices by

A. S. SHAFER & CO., Clothing Bazaar,
Sycamore Street.

Petersburg, April 28, 1852. 47—

ARTICLES IN ROSEWOOD, &c.—LONDON-made Portable Desks, for Ladies or Gentlemen, some of which are inlaid with pearl, have secret drawers, and are lined with silk velvet. Our assortment of Desks is very complete.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Dressing Cases, of Rosewood, Ebony, &c. plain and furnished, in variety.

Ladies Work Boxes, of French, English and German manufacture, some of which are splendidly furnished, and are very suitable for bridal or other presents.

Glove Boxes, of rosewood, ebony, enamelled wood, &c.

Odor Boxes, of ebony, rosewood, &c., with bottles complete.

Papier Machie Goods, &c. Consisting of Port Folios, Work Boxes, Portable Desks, Tables, Port Monnaies, &c. These Goods are of the very finest quality.

For sale by HENRY D. TURNER,
N. C. Book Store.

Raleigh, January 6, 1854. 15—

BAKERY & CONFECTIONARY.—PUTTICK & MITCHELL would respectfully inform the public that their establishment is now in the "full tide of successful experiment," and they are prepared to execute all orders in their line: in Cake and Bread-baking, Candy making, &c. Nuts, Fruits, Groceries, &c., always kept on hand.

CIGARS.—Our stock of Cigars is very large, some of them of the choicest brands, such as Ele Gratitude, Cobden Regalias, Silvas, Excelsior, El Ciervo, Steamboat Principes, and a variety too numerous to mention.

☞ Parties in the City or country furnished with every description of Confectionaries, on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms. BRIDE'S CAKE carefully packed and sent to any part of the State. Sugar and Molasses Cakes, also Candy, suitable for country Stores, packed in barrels or smaller packages, cheaper than they can be bought at any other House in North Carolina or Virginia. Low profits and quick sales, is our motto.

Raleigh, May 28th, 1853. 56—tf.

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!!

THE "WILMINGTON ICE HOUSE" is now open. The public may depend upon having their wants supplied, at all seasons of the year, on reasonable terms.

ICE ordered from the country will be well packed and promptly forwarded at all times.

All orders for Ice must be addressed to "WILMINGTON ICE HOUSE."

☞ Terms Cash, which will be strictly adhered to in all cases.

Deposits may be made by persons ordering from a distance.

Price, One Cent per Pound. Extra charge for package, drayage, &c.

A. H. VAN BOKKELEN, *Proprietor.*

Wilmington, N. C., April 1, 1854. 40—6m.

PLEASANT GROVE MALE ACADEMY, *Wake Forest, N. C.*—WILLIAM M. CRENSHAW, A. B., Principal.—The Seventh Session of this institution will commence on the 2nd Monday in January next. Tuition from $7 to $15 per session. The Academy is situated 1 mile from Forestville. The location of this institution for health, morality and convenience cannot be surpassed by any. The Trustees of this school have more than realized their expectations in Mr. Crenshaw as a teacher, and would say to the public that he is a thorough scholar and a good instructor. Board can be had at $6 per month. For further particulars address DR. WESLEY HARTSFIELD,
Forestville, Wake Co., N. C.

Nov. 23, 1853. 8—tf.

A CARD.—THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the Citizens of Raleigh and vicinity, that he is prepared now for manufacturing all kinds of Gold and Silver ware, viz: Goblets, Mugs, Teapots, Earrings and Finger-rings, Breastpins, Bracelets, &c., &c.; Setting Jewels and Repairing all kinds of Jewelry in a manner warranted to give satisfaction; Engraving and Chasing of every description in a style not to be surpassed.

All orders may be left at F. Mahler's & Co., where he has taken the room adjoining the storeroom.

H. MAHLER.

P. S. The most reasonable rate given for Old Gold and Silver.

Raleigh, April 15, 1854. 44—1y.

NORTH CAROLINA EDITION OF MITCHELL'S INTERMEDIATE GEOGRAPHY.—A system of Modern Geography, comprising a description of the present state of the world, and its five great divisions, America, Europe, Asia, Africa, and Oceanica, with their several Empires, Kingdoms, States, Territories, etc., Illustrated by more than forty colored Maps, and numerous Wood-cut Engravings, and designed for the instruction of Youth in Schools and Families, by S. Augustus Mitchell. To which is added a Geography of North Carolina, compiled for the use of Families, Academies and Schools, by C. H. Wiley.

For sale by
W. L. POMEROY.

Raleigh, April 10, 1854. 42.

THE CELEBRATED RAHAT-EE-LOKOOM OR TUQKISH FIG-PASTE—A delicious article of confectionary for the well, and an agreeable and nutricious food for the ill and feeble; good for Coughs and Colds, and particularly beneficial and strengthening for weak Lungs.

Also a lot of fine Pine-Apples, Maple Sugar, and Crystalized fruit. Call soon at

ANTONIO PIZZINI'S
New Confectionary Store.

Raleigh, N. C., May, 5, 1854. 49—tf.

BAIN, HATTON & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS, FORWARDING, PRODUCE AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Corner King and Water Sts.,
Portsmouth, Va.,

Give their personal attention to the sale and shipment of all kinds of Produce and Merchandise, and make liberal advances on consignments.

D. A. BAIN, | E. A. HATTON, | G. M. BAIN, jr.

Portsmouth, Va., March 27, 1844. 38—

PULLEN & BELVIN, DEALERS IN ENGLISH, GERMAN, AND AMERICAN HARDWARE, COACH TRIMMINGS, CROCKERY AND WOOD WARE, CUTLERY, GUNS AND EDGE TOOLS, *Bolting Cloth, &c. &c.* R. Smith's Corner, Raleigh, N. C.—Pocket and Table Knives, Drawing Knives, Adzes, Vices, Halter and Trace Chains, Hammers, Axes, Augurs, Anvils, Hinges, Screws, Chisels, Hoes, Spades and Shovels, Iron Ware, wrought cut and spike Nails, Wood Ware, Conch Trimmings, Bolting Cloths, Crockery Ware, and every style of House-keeping articles, and Farmer's and Mechanic's tools.

Raleigh, May 8, 1853. 49—tf.

NO. 1, FAMILY GROCERIES.—Stewart Syrup and Molasses, Brown, Clarified, Pulverized, Crushed and Loaf Sugars, Rio, Laguira, Moca, Maricabo, and Java Coffees, Maccaroni, Vermacelli, Corn Starch for Puddings &c., Green and Black Teas, Chocolate and Coco, Sperm Adamantine and Tallow candles, Var gated, Rosin and Turpentine Soaps, Pure Cider Vinegar.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Raleigh, April 10, 1854. 42—

*** Post copy.

NORTH CAROLINA REPORTS.

BUSBEE'S LAW AND EQUITY.—Bound volumes and in sheets, for sale at the
NORTH CAROLINA BOOK-STORE.

Complete sets of the North Carolina Reports constantly on hand. H. D. TURNER.

Raleigh, April 27th, 1854. 49—3m.

JUST TO HAND—A FULL ASSORTMENT OF choice CIGARS and amongst them that favorite brand, La Palmetta.

Also a large lot of that superior Smoking Tobacco, Fine Old, Mild. Call at F. MAHLER'S & CO.

April 10, 1854. 24—

NORTH-CAROLINA MUTU'L INSURANCE COMPANY, *Raleigh,*—This Company has been in successful operation for more than seven years, and continues to take risks upon all classes of property in the State (except Steam Mills and Turpentine Distilleries,) upon favorable terms.

Its Policies now cover property amounting to $4,500,000, a large portion of which is in country risks; and its present Capital is over Six Hundred Thousand Dollars, in bonds properly secured.

The average cost of Insurance upon the plan of this Company has been less than one-third of one per cent per annum, on all grades of property embraced in its operations.

The following persons have been elected Directors and Officers of this Company for the present year:

DIRECTORS.

Jos. G. B. Roulhac,	of Raleigh.	John Cox, Edenton,
C. W. D. Hutchings,		Joshua Bonner, Salem,
Jno. R. Williams,		J. H. Pool, Elizabeth City,
John Primrose,		F. F. Fagan, Plymouth,
H. D. Turner,		Alex'r Mitchell, Newbern,
S. W. Whiting,		W. N. H. Smith, Murfreesborough,
T. H. Selby,		H. B. Williams, Charlotte,
Geo. McNeil, Fayetteville,		John B. Barrett, Milton,
J. G. Wright, Wilmington,		A. T. Summy, Asheville.
Jas. E. Hoyt, Washington,		
James Sloan, Greensboro',		

All Directors are authorised to receive applications.

OFFICERS.

J. G. B. Roulhac, *President,*
Henry D. Turner, *Vice-President,*
S. W. Whiting, *Treasurer,*
John C. Partridge, *Secretary,*
John H. Bryan, *Attorney,*
J. Herman, *General Agent,*
S. W. Whiting,
Jno. R. Williams, } *Executive Committee.*
John Primrose,

All communications in reference to Insurance should be addressed to the Secretary, post paid.

JOHN C. PARTRIDGE, *Secretary.*

Raleigh, Jan. 11, 1853. 19—

CASWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—This Company, chartered at the last session of the General Assembly of North Carolina, and located in the town of Milton, has been fully organized, and is now prepared to receive applications for Insurance on Houses, Furniture, Goods, Factories, &c. The terms will be the same as those of the other Mutual Fire Insurance Companies of the State.

All applications must state the location and situation of the buildings and other property on which Insurance is desired.

The undersigned has been appointed General Agent for this Company, and he is also the Agent for the Ætna Fire Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut, and the Hartford Insurance Company, located in the same place.

All applications for Insurance or local Agencies to be addressed to Willie J. Palmer, *Secretary,* or the subscriber.

NATHANIEL J. PALMER.

Milton, N. C., April 15th, 1853. 43—tf.

WILSON & GRICE,
GENERAL COMMISSION AND FORWARDING
MERCHANTS,
No. 11, High Street and Pierce's Wharf,
PORSTMOUTH, VA.,

Give their personal and prompt attention to the Sale and Forwarding of Produce and Merchandize of every description, and make liberal consignments.

REFERENCES.

Geo. W. Mordecai, Esq., Raleigh.
Messrs. W. H. & R. S. Tucker, Raleigh.
" King, Thomas & Barrow, Louisburg.
" R. N. & D. C. Herndon, Oxford.
Hon. Weldon N. Edwards, Warren County.
Col. S. S. Royster, Granville.
Messrs. Jno. White & Co., Warrenton.
" Montgomery & Plummer, Warrenton.
Col. Walter Gwynn, Chief Eng. Central Rail Road.
SAMUEL M. WILSON. GEO. W. GRICE

May 2d, 1853. 48—1y.

ICE CREAM!!—THE SUBSCRIBER RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Raleigh, and the Ladies in particular, that he is now ready to furnish them with ICE CREAM—having opened a large Saloon expressly for the Ladies, and one also for Gentlemen, he hopes, by strict attention and also by giving them something palatable, that he will receive a liberal share of their patronage.

ANTONIO PIZZINI,
3 doors below Messrs. Tucker & Bro.

N. B.—Persons wishing to get ICE CREAM, by the gallon, will please give notice the day before they wish it.

A. P.

CREAM WANTED!—PERSONS HAVING FRESH CREAM for sale will please call at
ANTONIO PIZZINI'S
Confectionary Store.

Raleigh, May 10, 1854. 51—

NOTICE.

TO MILL-OWNERS AND THOSE WHO INTEND BUILDING MILLS.—The Subscribers, being desirous of extending their business further south, respectfully inform those intending to erect Flour Mills, that they are prepared to furnish all kinds of materials necessary for such establishments, such as Iron-work, Burr Millstones, Bolting Cloths, &c., &c. Being practical Millwrights, they are fully competent and prepared to execute all orders in their line, and will warrant their work to be executed in the best manner. Address

HASKELL & STOCKWELL,
New-Haven, Connecticut.

April 25, 1854. 1019—wtf.

FORM BOOK.—THE NORTH CAROLINA FORM Book; containing all the most useful forms which occur in business transactions between man and man, as well as in official stations; together with the Constitution of North Carolina and of the United States; the Act fixing the Fees of Clerks, Sheriffs, &c., calculated for the use of the citizens of North Carolina, and made conformable to law. Compiled by a member of the North Carolina Bar.

For sale at the North Carolina Book-Store, by
HENRY D. TURNER.

Raleigh, Aug. 12, 1853. 77—

RALEIGH AND GASTON ROAD.—ON AND after 3d July the Passenger Train will leave the Depot at Raleigh at half past 6 A. M.—stop 35 miuutes at Franklinton, and reach Weldon at half past 11, in time for passengers to take the Wilmington train going South, and the Petersburg and Portsmouth trains going North.

Returning, it will leave Weldon at 2 P. M., after the arrival of the train from Wilmington, and reach Raleigh at half past 6 P. M.

Office Raleigh and Gaston R. R. Co., }
June 29th, 1854. } 85—tf.

PAINT'S, OILS & VARNISH.—The Subscriber is receiving his Spring stock of Paints, Oils and Varnishes, of all kinds and qualities, and in quantities, commesurate with the greatly increased demand. He would call especial attention to his superior quality of Pure White Lead, Linseed Oil, Coach and Furniture Varnish, and respectfully invite purchasers to Examine his Stock and prices before buying in this or the northern Markets, believing he is able to give them superior inducements.

P. F. PESCUD.

Raleigh, March 28, 1854. 38—

OSAGE ORANGE.—The Hedge Plant of America, The Osage Orange, has more than met the most sanguine expectations of its friends; and so far as regards the great object in view, a good and beautiful fence, adaptation to our climate, variety of soil, hardiness, easy propagation, and cheapness, it is all that can be desired. A supply of the seed, and a Treatise on the cultivation of the plant, may be had of P. F. PESCUD.

Raleigh; March 28, 1854. 38—

KADER BIGGS,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Tunis's Wharf, Town Point,
Norfolk, Va.

References—Messrs Bloodgood & Co., E. P. Tabb, & Co., and Alex'r. Bell, Esq., Norfolk; Hon. Asa Biggs, William ston, N. C.; Col. J. B. G. Roulhac, Raleigh, N. C.; Lewis Thompson, Esq., Hotel, N. C.

February 1, 1854. 28—1ysw.

Fall and Winter, 1853.

JUST RECEIVED BY THE SUBSCRIBER:

Black and Colored Silks,
French and English Merinoes, a fine assortment,
Printed and Plain Muslin DeLains,
Worked Collars and Undersleeves,
Embr'd and Plain Linen Cambric H'd'k'fs,
Muslin and Lace Edgings, a great variety,
Ladies and Gentlemens' Gloves, of all kinds,
White and Tan Colored floss skirting,
For sale by J. BROWN,
No. 9, Fayetteville Street.

Raleigh, Sept. 26, 1853. 90—

STEAM REFINED CANDIES, OF VERY SUperior quality for exportation South, at Wholesale prices.

Candies assorted per lb. C.....12 cents.
Candies assorted per lb. B.....15 do
Candies assorted per lb. Fancy.....20 to 25 do

The above Candies we warrant to be equal in every respect to any made in this country, and will keep in any climate. Orders enclosing cash or satisfactory reference promptly forwarded to any part of the United States and the West Indies. SAM'L. H. MARKS & SON.

Petersburg, March 24, 1854. 37—

BLANKETS AND FLANNELS.—9-4, 10-4, 11-4, 12-4 and 13-4 sup'r Bed Blankets, Crib and Cradle do., White, Blue, Red and Green Mackinaw Blankets,
Negro Blankets—all kinds, Saddle and Horse do.,
White, Red, Yellow, Green and Gray Flannels, all grades,
Fancy French, Flannels for Sacks, all colors,
In store and for sale by JAMES McKIMMON.

NEGRO GOODS.—KERSEYS OF ALL GRADES, Plaid, Striped and Plain Linseys,
Marlboro' and Gala Stripes and Plaids,
Cotton Osnaburgs and Heavy Shirtings,
Russet & Black Brogans—Heavy Boots, just received and for sale by JAMES McKIMMON.

HATS.—SUPERIOR BLACK MOLESKIN, SEPTEMber Style,
1 Case Cassimere Hats for Winter,
Mexican and other Fancy Hats,
Good Wool Hats for Farmers, &c.
J. BROWN,
No. 9, Fayetteville Street.

Raleigh, Sept. 26, 1853. 90—

SAMUEL W. PEPPER,
SUCCESSOR TO
HENRY J. PEPPER & SON,
Watches, Jewelry and Silverware, No. 175 Chesnut St. opposite the State House, Philadelphia, Pa.

June 6, 1854. 88—1y.

NORTH-CAROLINA & NORFOLK.—THE PRACTICAL HATTERS would respectfully call the attention of the "Trade" and "Dealers" to their stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER HATS,

the largest and best that has ever been offered in Norfolk, and not surpassed by any, and at prices that cannot fail to give satisfaction. They are confident that Merchants will find it to their advantage to call before making their purchases. Those that are willing to extend to us their patronage may rely on having Goods, whether of our own Manufacture or Imported, as Fashionable, Fine and Cheap as any Northern Jobber. We earnestly request Merchants to call and be *convinced* that we are prepared and *will* furnish every thing in our line on the best terms.

Ladies' and Misses' Bonnets in great variety. Canes and Umbrellas wholesale.

CEPHALOMETRON!

This beautiful instrument is considered one of the greatest and most useful inventions of the age. It would be impossible, by the minutest description, to give a correct idea of its utility. Hats made by it will fit the most difficult heads, conforming to every protuberance and depression of the cranium, thus preventing the unpleasant feeling of a new Hat and painful headache. We could give you certificates of Physicians and the experience of the Trade, but prefer that all may examine for themselves. No one can properly appreciate its advantages without having one of our superior Hats.

☞ Hats made to order in the most fashionable manner, and without extra charge.

STEVENS & BUTT,
No. 7 Market Square,
Norfolk, Va.

May 11, 1853. 51—tf.

LEATHER FOR SPRING SALES, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.—We respectfully inform our friends and the public that we have in store a large and most excellent *Stock of Leather and Findings,* for the Spring Trade, which we will sell as low as any other establishment South of New York, and for less price than they can be had even there, expenses of travelling, freight, &c., considered.

All of our purchases having been made from the Importers and Manufacturers by the whole case or package, and the advantage of receiving Leather regularly from our own Tannery, places it in our power to sell Goods as above stated. Those who wish to buy cannot lose by giving our stock an examination, and we believe we shall be able to please, both as to price and quality. Below we enumerate some of the leading articles viz:

20 dozen of Crawford's Calf Skins (this maker had the premium awarded to him at the World's Fair held in London in 1851.)
40 dozen French Skins, best quality,
40 " American Calf Skins,
90 " Lining and Binding Skins,
10 " Morocco Skins,
800 Sides Oak Tanned and Hemlock Sole Leather,
50 " Band Leather,

Lasts, Boot-Trees, Shoe and Boot Maker's Tools of every kind, Tanner's and Currier's Tools.

Also, Sewed Brogans of our own manufacture, warranted to give satisfaction, and many other articles too numerous to mention, at No. 21, Old street, opposite B. P. Harrison's Saddlery. A. & R. H. FORD.

N. B. We pay the highest price in cash for Green and Dried Hides delivered to us at our Store.

Petersburg, May 5, 1852. tf.

KEEP A LOOK OUT!—When you see EVANS & COOKE, over the door walk in. No. 29 Cheap place, under the Sky Light, one door above every body. There are so many advertising as being next door to Messrs. Evans & Cooke, we wish you to *look out.*

We have received our entire supply of Goods, consisting of every article kept in a first rate Southern Retail and Wholesale House, and feel confident it would prove to be the interest of all who wish to save in purchases to give our stock an examination before buying. Harding will be at Home in a very few days bringing with him what's nice.

EVANS & COOKE.

Raleigh, March 17, 1854. 25—

JUST ARRIVED AT F. MAHLER'S & CO.

3 doz. Buffaloetongues—a fine article,
200 " Smoked Beef,
200 " Superior Gochen Cheese,
30 boxes Layer and Bunch Raisins, in halfs, quarters and eights,
20 do. Currants, Lemons, Figs, Brandy Peaches, Pickles,
10 Packages Brown Stout, and Scotch Ale,
1 tierce new Rice, superior Vinegar—&c., &c.

☞ Call and see.

Raleigh, Feb. 1, 1854. 22—

NOTICE TO CORN GROWERS.—THE SUBscriber offers for sale a peculiar kind of Corn known as the Canada prolific Corn, which excels any grain ever before offered to the Southern Planters, both for beauty and increase. It is a handsome white corn, and produces from three to eight stalks from each grain, each stalk bearing two to three ears of Corn—and the suckers are as prolific as the original stalk, bearing an equal number of ears. I procured a small quantity of this corn through the mail, and planted nine grains in a common sandy garden, that had never received any other manure than from the stable and barn yard, and the result was eighty-six silks and fifty-eight ears! Had not the drought come upon it at the time it did, several other ears would have matured.

I will send packages of one hundred grains each, postpaid, for one dollar, to any one remitting me that sum; and I feel confident no man who invests this small sum for this Corn will regret the experiment. This is not the "Sucker Corn," that shoots at every joint—this species is as late as the common Indian corn and will grow as tall. All orders to be post-paid and addressed to

ANTHONY DAVIS, Pink Hill P. O., Lenoir Co., N. C., or Williams & Haywood, T. M. 20 Raleigh.

February 23d, 1854. 28—

NORTH CAROLINA MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.—*Office, Raleigh, N. C.*—This Company continues to insure the lives of all healthy White persons and Slaves.

The greatest risk taken on a single life is $5,000. Slaves are insured for a term of one to five years for two-thirds their value.

OFFICERS.

Dr. Chas. E. Johnson, *President.*
Wm. D. Haywood, *Vice President.*
James F. Jordan, *Secretary.*
Wm. H. Jones, *Treasurer.*
Quentin Busbee, *Attorney.*
Dr. Wm. H. McKee, *Examining Physician.*
J. Hersman, *General Agent.*

All losses are paid within 90 days after satisfactory proof is presented.

Blanks and Pamphlets, showing the plan of operation of the Company, may be had on application at the Office, or any of the Agencies. All letters on business should be addressed to JAMES F. JORDAN,
Secretary.

Raleigh, April 28th, 1850. 51—

BALTIMORE PIANO MANUFACTORY.—IMPORTANT IMPROVEMENT—*Elastic Universal Touch.*—Wise & Brother, Manufacturers of Boudoir Square and Grand Pianos, request those wanting a first-rate Instrument—one that Ladies can perform on with the greatest possible advantage, that is chaste of style, of superlative touch and tone, that will stand in concert tune, and last a life time, to call and see for themselves a sample Instrument at the Agent's office—Dr. W. R. Scott's.

These Instruments are more in general use in the Cities among the first critics of art and science, and to whom we have the honor of referring. See the manufacturer's circulars, which may be obtained of the Agent. All Instruments warranted five years.

J. J. Wise & Brother.
Dr. W. R. SCOTT, *Agent.*

Raleigh, January 11th, 1850. 20—tf.

FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c.—WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, are now receiving large additions to their stock of DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, PAINTS, OILS, DYESTUFFS, WINDOW GLASS, PERFUMERY, &c., &c., from the most reliable Houses in the Northern Cities, which have been purchased with an eye single to their purity, and are offered for sale at such prices and on such terms as shall compare favorably with any house in the State.

Physicians, Country Merchants, and Dealers generally, will do well to give us a call before purchasing, feeling assured we shall not fail to please both in point of price and quality.

Orders promptly attended to, and particular attention given to packing and forwarding.

Family Medicines and Prescriptions compounded at all hours of the day and night, by a competent person with neatness and despatch.

We tender our most sincere thanks to the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country for the long and liberal patronage we have received, and trust by untiring zeal and energy to please in the prosecution of our business, to merit its continuance.

Raleigh, April 28, 1851. 94—

MORE DESIRABLE THAN EVER!!

JUST RECEIVED AT THE N. C. MUSIC STORE, the largest and most elegant assortment of new and fashionable Music that has yet been offered. Call and examine.

ALSO FOR THE LADIES. This day received a very extensive assortment of Perfumery, comprising extracts for the Handkerchief, for the Toilet, for the Hands, for the Teeth, for the Hair.

FOR THE GENTLEMEN. The Beard. There also, may be found the inimitable and delectable Upper Ten Extract.

The best assortment of STRINGS to be found in the State. Prices